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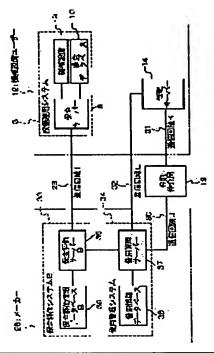
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(54) SYSTEM FOR SETTING MACHINE FACILITY MAINTENANCE CHARGE AND SYSTEM FOR SETTING MACHINE **FACILITY INSURANCE**

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide a system for setting maintenance charge and insurance for allowing a machine facility user to reduce maintenance charge and insurance according to the maintenance of a machine facility, and for allowing a maker to reduce maintenance charge payment, and for allowing an insurance company to reduce insurance money payment.

SOLUTION: This system is provided with a machine facility user 12 equipped with a facility operation system having a machine facility 9 and an accounting server 14, a maker 28 equipped with a maintenance evaluating system 33 and a charge management server 34, and a financial mediating station 13. The maintenance evaluating system 33 acquires maintenance information related with the machine equipment 9 from the facility operation system 3 based on an insurance contract, and decides the maintenance charge based on the maintenance contract and the maintenance information, and outputs the instruction of the next maintenance charge payment to a charge management server 37, and the charge management server 37 notifies the accounting server 14 of the next maintenance charge based on the instruction of the next maintenance charge payment, and the accounting server 14 transfers the next insurance expense to the account of the maker 28 through the financial mediating station 13 in response to the notification.



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CLAIMS

Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] A machine user station equipped with the facility operations system which has a machine, and an accounting server. A manufacturer station equipped with a maintenance evaluation system and a costs management server, and a financial agency station. Provide and said maintenance evaluation system is based on the maintenance contract about the first half machine between said machine user stations and said manufacturer stations. The maintenance information about said machine is acquired from said facility operations system through a communication line. Based on said maintenance contract and said maintenance information. determine the charge of maintenance, and the charge payment directions of maintenance are outputted to said costs management server next time. Said costs management server notifies said accounting server of the charge payment directions of maintenance, and said accounting server answers said notice and sets to said financial agency station. The charge setting system of machine maintenance which transfers the charge of maintenance to the account of said manufacturer station said next time.

notified of the charge of maintenance through a communication line said next time said next time said notice, and transfers the charge of maintenance to the account of said manufacturer station maintenance are outputted to said costs management server next time. Said costs management maintenance evaluation system acquires the maintenance information about said machine from server The charge setting system of machine maintenance by which said accounting server is contract. The charge of maintenance is determined based on said maintenance contract, said employment information, and said maintenance information. The charge payment directions of based on the charge payment directions of maintenance, and said accounting server answers machine, and an accounting server, A manufacturer station equipped with remote monitoring system, a maintenance evaluation system, and a costs management server, It is based on a manufacturer stations -- harshness -- The employment information about the employment [Claim 2] A machine user station equipped with the facility operations system which has a situation of said machine to said machine is acquired through a communication line. Said said facility operations system through a communication line based on said maintenance monitoring system] the first half machine between said machine user stations and said contract, maintenance provide a financial agency station and concerning [said remote in said financial agency station said next time.

[Claim 3] With the maintenance evaluation server with which said maintenance evaluation system acquires said maintenance information from said facility operations system. The maintenance evaluation information adatabase holding the information about modification of said charge of maintenance beforehand set up based on said maintenance information and said maintenance contract is provided. Said maintenance evaluation server The charge setting system of machine maintenance according to claim 1 which determines said charge of maintenance based on said maintenance information which said maintenance evaluation information database holds, and the information about said modification, and outputs the charge payment directions of maintenance to said costs management server said next time.

[Claim 4] Said maintenance information is a charge setting system of machine maintenance according to claim 1 or 3 which is the information in connection with maintenance of said machine obtained based on the risk base maintenance method.

correction factor information. Said correction factor and part of said employment information are outputted to said maintenance evaluation server. Said maintenance evaluation server The charge maintenance based on a part of said maintenance information which said maintenance evaluation information database holds, information about said modification, said correction factor, and said correction factor information about the employment conditions of said machine beforehand set information database holding the information about modification of said charge of maintenance based on said employment information which said device information database holds, and said setting system of machine maintenance according to claim 2 which determines said charge of Claim 5] With the remote monitor server with which said remote monitoring system acquires said employment information from said machine The device information database holding the employment information, and outputs the charge payment directions of maintenance to said maintenance evaluation system With the maintenance evaluation server which acquires said beforehand set up based on the contract is provided. said maintenance information and said maintenance -- harshness -- said remote monitor server A correction factor is determined up based on said employment information and said maintenance contract is provided. Said maintenance information from said facility operations system The maintenance evaluation costs management server said next time.

(Claim 6) It is the charge setting system of machine maintenance according to claim 5 which is the information in connection with maintenance of said machine from which said employment conditions are set up based on at least one of the output of said machine, the count of start and stop, and output rate of change, and said maintenance information is acquired based on the risk base maintenance method.

[Claim 7] The charge setting system of machine maintenance given in any 1 term of claim 2 and claim 5 by which said remote monitoring system is contained in said maintenance evaluation system, and claim 6.

[Claim 8] The charge setting system of machine maintenance given in claim 1 thru/or any 1 term of 7 by which said costs management server is contained in said maintenance evaluation system.

[Claim 9] A machine user station equipped with the facility operations system which has a machine, and an accounting server, An insurance-company station equipped with a maintenance evaluation system and a premium management server, Provide a financial agency station and said maintenance evaluation system is based on the insurance about the first half machine between said machine user stations and said insurance-company stations. The maintenance information about said machine is acquired from said facility operations system through a communication line. Based on said insurance and said maintenance information, determine a premium, and premium payment directions are outputted to said premium management server next time. Said premium management server notifies said accounting server of a premium through a communication line said next time said next time based on premium payment directions, and said accounting server answers said notice and sets to said financial agency station. The machine premium setting system which transfers a premium to the account of said insurance-company station said next time.

[Claim 10] A machine user station equipped with the facility operations system which has a machine, and an accounting server. An insurance—company station equipped with remote monitoring system, a maintenance evaluation system, and a premium management server. Provide a financial agency station and said remote monitoring system is based on the insurance about the first half machine between said machine user stations and said insurance—company stations. The employment information about the employment situation of said machine to said machine is acquired through a communication line. Said maintenance evaluation system acquires the maintenance information about said machine from said facility operations system through a communication line based on said insurance. A premium is determined based on said insurance, said employment information, and said maintenance information. Premium payment directions are

[Claim 12] Said maintenance information is a machine premium setting system according to claim

9 or 11 which is the information in connection with maintenance of said machine obtained based

maintenance evaluation server The machine premium setting system according to claim 10 which database holding the information about modification of said premium beforehand set up based on correction factor, and said employment information, and outputs premium payment directions to correction factor information about the employment conditions of said machine beforehand set part of said employment information are outputted to said maintenance evaluation server. Said (Claim 13) With the remote monitor server with which said remote monitoring system acquires information database holds, and said correction factor information. Said correction factor and said employment information from said machine The device information database holding the maintenance evaluation information database holds, information about said modification, said evaluation system With the maintenance evaluation server which acquires said maintenance said maintenance information and said insurance is provided. Said remote monitor server A up based on said employment information and said insurance is provided. Said maintenance correction factor is determined based on said employment information which said device information from said facility operations system The maintenance evaluation information determines said premium based on a part of said maintenance information which said said premium management server said next time. on the risk base maintenance method.

[Claim 14] It is the machine premium setting system according to claim 13 which is the information in connection with maintenance of said machine from which said employment conditions are set up based on at least one of the output of said machine, the count of start and stop, and output rate of change, and said maintenance information is acquired based on the risk base maintenance method.

[Claim 15] A machine premium setting system given in any 1 term of claim 10 and claim 13 by which said remote monitoring system is contained in said maintenance evaluation system, and claim 14.

[Claim 16] A machine premium setting system given in claim 9 thru/or any 1 term of 15 by which said premium management server is contained in said maintenance evaluation system.
[Claim 17] Based on the maintenance contract about the machine between a machine user station and a manufacturer station, said machine user station sets to a financial agency station through a communication line. The step which pays the charge of maintenance to said manufacturer station, and the step to which said manufacturer station acquires the maintenance information about the maintenance situation of said machine from said machine user station through a communication line based on said maintenance contract. The step to which said manufacturer station determines the charge of maintenance based on said maintenance contract and said maintenance information, and outputs the charge payment directions of maintenance next time. The step which said manufacturer station notifies through a communication line that the charge of maintenance is to said machine user station said next time based on the charge directions of maintenance. The charge setting approach of machine maintenance of providing the step at which said machine user station answers said notice, and transfers the

charge of maintenance to the account of said manufacturer station in said financial agency station through a communication line said next time.

manufacturer station, and the step to which said manufacturer station acquires the employment The step which said manufacturer station notifies through a communication line that the charge station and a manufacturer station, said machine user station sets to a financial agency station maintenance information, and outputs the charge payment directions of maintenance next time. manufacturer station acquires the maintenance information about the maintenance situation of maintenance contract, The step to which said manufacturer station determines the charge of through a communication line based on a front maintenance contract. The step to which said providing the step at which said machine user station answers said notice, and transfers the information about the employment situation of said machine from said machine user station charge of maintenance to the account of said manufacturer station in said financial agency (Claim 18) Based on the maintenance contract about the machine between a machine user charge directions of maintenance. The charge setting approach of machine maintenance of of maintenance is to said machine user station said next time said next time based on the maintenance based on said maintenance contract, said employment information. and said said machine from said machine user station through a communication line based on said through a communication line. The step which pays the charge of maintenance to said station through a communication line said next time.

[Claim 19] Based on the insurance about the machine between a machine user station and an insurance-company station, said machine user station sets to a financial agency station through a communication line. The step which pays a premium to said insurance-company station, and the step to which said insurance-company station acquires the maintenance information about the maintenance situation of said machine from said machine user station through a communication line based on said insurance. The step to which said insurance-company station determines a premium based on said insurance and said maintenance information, and outputs premium payment directions next time. The step which said insurance-company station notifies through a communication line that a premium is to said machine user station said next time said next time based on premium directions. The machine premium setting approach of providing the step at which said machine user station answers said notice, and transfers a premium to the account of said insurance-company station in said financial agency station through a communication line said next time.

acquires the maintenance information about the maintenance situation of said machine from said which said machine user station answers said notice, and transfers a premium to the account of communication line that a premium is to said machine user station said next time said next time insurance-company station, said machine user station sets to a financial agency station through communication line based on said insurance. The step to which said insurance-company station machine user station through a communication line based on said insurance. The step to which the step to which said insurance-company station acquires the employment information about a communication line. The step which pays a premium to said insurance-company station, and [Claim 20] Based on the insurance about the machine between a machine user station and an based on premium directions. The machine premium setting approach of providing the step at said insurance-company station in said financial agency station through a communication line employment information, and said maintenance information, and outputs premium payment directions next time. The step which said insurance-company station notifies through a said insurance-company station determines a premium based on said insurance, said the employment situation of said machine from said machine user station through a said next time.

[Claim 21] The program for answering the charge payment directions of maintenance the next time when it is generated based on the step which checks the payment of the charge of maintenance from said machine user station, and the maintenance information about a maintenance situation and said maintenance contract of said machine based on the maintenance contract about the machine of a machine user station and a manufacturer station, and performing the step which notifies the charge of maintenance to said machine user station said

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next time through a communication line.

[Claim 22] The program for answering the charge payment directions of maintenance the next time when it is generated based on the step which checks the payment of the charge of maintenance from said machine user station, and the employment information about an employment situation, the maintenance information about maintenance information and said maintenance contract of said machine based on the maintenance contract about the machine of a machine user station and a manufacturer station, and performing the step which notifies the charge of maintenance to said machine user station said next time through a communication line.

[Claim 23] The program for answering premium payment directions the next time when it is generated based on the step which cheeks the payment of the premium from said machine user station, and the maintenance information about a maintenance situation and said insurance of said machine based on the insurance about the machine of a machine user station and an insurance-company station, and performing the step which notifies a premium to said machine user station said nachine

[Claim 24] The program for answering premium payment directions the next time when it is generated based on the step which checks the payment of the premium from said machine user station, and the employment information about an employment situation, the maintenance information and said insurance of said machine based on the insurance about the machine of a machine user station and an insurance-company station, and performing the step which notifies a premium to said machine user station said next time through a communication line.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[Detailed Description of the Invention]

[Field of the Invention] This invention relates to the system which sets up the charge of maintenance and premium of a machine.

on the following conditions. That is, they are the failure rate (lambdam) of ** machine proper, the [Description of the Prior Art] A maintenance contract is exchanged among the machine users as manufactured the machine in the case of machine sale. In the maintenance contract, the charge a machine user station which is the manufacturer and purchaser as a manufacturer station who machine of the same class, if use elapsed years are the same, the same charge of maintenance of maintenance to the maintenance which a manufacturer performs is mainly determined based machine, and the release time at the time of ** failure (Tr). However, by this approach, by the use elapsed years (refer to the use elapsed-years correction factor Ky and drawing 5) of ** will be applied.

conditions of above ** - **, and the same premium will be applied if use elapsed years are the preparation for generating of damage in many cases in the case of the purchase of a machine. (0003) On the other hand, the machine user as a machine user station insures a machine in The calculation approach of the premium in that case is also mainly set up based on the same at the machine of the same class.

[0004] Therefore, neither of charges of maintenance and premiums are reflecting the availability when the remote monitor of the machine is carried out, it is not taken into consideration about hysteresis till then, etc. Moreover, although the detection time amount of failure is shortened based on the employment situation of a machine, the operation approach, the employment the effectiveness (for example, an operating ratio should improve), either.

general employment. Therefore, if same above charges of maintenance and premiums are applied, output fluctuation, etc. are carried out. In the case where they are performed in the employment company station which pays the manufacturer and insurance money which perform maintenance. (0005] However, employment of a machine does not observe the rated value or the design upper accompanied by the start and stop in the high frequency which is not assumed on a design and recommended by the machine user who deals with it, and is not necessarily operating. That is, process of a machine, the failure incidence rate of a machine becomes high as compared with the loss which is not assumed may be generated for the insurance company as an insuranceaccording to a situation, employment with the output in a performance limit, employment limit which are the employment conditions which are various and were not necessarily

employment of a gas turbine. as long as the rated value (left-hand side arrow head in drawing) of [0006] The employment condition of a gas turbine is mentioned as an example, and each factor to which the incidence rate of failure becomes high is explained with reference to $\frac{drawing}{drawing}$ standardized with the horsepower output. An axis of ordinate is a failure incidence rate (%). In drawing 8. Drawing 6 shows the relation between the output of a gas turbine, and a failure incidence rate. An axis of abscissa is the output (%) of a gas turbine, and is the value

and a halt, a time/period) of per a unit period (for example, moon) of a gas turbine, and an axis of limit (left-hand side arrow head in drawing), and the failure incidence rate has stopped at the low [0007] Drawing 1 shows the relation between the count of start and stop of a gas turbine. and a an output is set up and it applies below with the value, the failure incidence rate has stopped at the low value (the range of **). However, in operating exceeding the rated value of an output. it stop of per a unit period (for example, moon) is assumed by the design stage as a design upper failure incidence rate. An axis of abscissa is the count of start and stop (the count of starting ordinate is a failure incidence rate (%). In employment of a gas turbine, the count of start and turns out that a failure incidence rate becomes very high (the range of ** and **).

(the range of **). However, when output rate of change exceeds a design upper limit, it turns out the failure incidence rate has stopped at the low value about the output change below the value assumed by the design stage as a design upper limit (left-hand side arrow head in drawing), and failure incidence rate. An axis of abscissa is the output rate of change (change of the output of ordinate is a failure incidence rate (%). In employment of a gas turbine, output rate of change is [0008] Drawing B shows the relation between the output rate of change of a gas turbine, and a per unit time amount (for example, time amount) comparatively 🄊 of a gas turbine. An axis of that a failure incidence rate becomes very high (the range of ** and **). very high (the range of ** and **):

start and stop exceeds a design upper limit, it turns out that a failure incidence rate becomes

value about the start and stop below the value (the range of **). However, when the count of

(0009) As mentioned above, as compared with the machine to which employment with the output becomes an important point by preserving appropriately as efficiently as possible whether use of the loss which is not assumed may be generated for the insurance company as the manufacturer and insurance-company station as a manufacturer station. Therefore, the charge setting system maintenance, and premium calculation -- to some extent -- an insurance side -- not evaluating which is going to control the increment in a failure rate by preserving periodically (maintenance). maintenance and premiums which are not taking those situations into consideration are applied. [0010] On the other hand, the machine user who uses a machine has usually devised the policy in a performance limit and the employment of a machine which is the start and stop in the high greatly according to the employment condition of a device facility, if in charge of the charge of a machine is continued without failure. That is, though preserved, it is decided by whether it is However, since the funds and time amount for preserving are not in infinity, a machine user is frequency which is not assumed on a design and output fluctuation, and was performed in the of machine maintenance and machine premium setting system to which I also have a machine range of ** of 8 and drawing 6 - (GAI ID=0003) ** were applying in the range of **, a failure incidence rate becomes high clearly, therefore -- since the failure rate of a machine will vary -- it does not obtain but the charge of maintenance and a premium tend to be set up highly. made appropriately whether a failure rate will fall. Therefore, when same above charges of unable to perform all the maintenance considered to be need in many cases. Therefore, it user be convinced are needed, avoiding it.

the charge setting system of machine maintenance and the charge setting approach of machine machine maintenance which can set up the charge of maintenance with a more high precision. Problem(s) to be Solved by the Invention] Therefore, the purpose of this invention is offering and the charge setting approach of machine maintenance by operating ratio prediction with a [0012] Moreover, another purpose of this invention is offering the charge setting system of maintenance of bringing the both sides of a manufacturer and a machine user profits. high precision based on the maintenance plan of a machine.

[0013] Furthermore, other purposes of this invention are offering the charge setting system of maintenance plan technique of a machine user's machine, and the charge setting approach of machine maintenance which can improve the charge of maintenance by improvement of the machine maintenance.

[0014] Furthermore, other purposes of this invention are offering the charge setting system of machine maintenance which can improve the charge of maintenance by improvement of the

employment situation of a machine user's machine, and the charge setting approach of machine

[0015] Furthermore, other purposes of this invention are offering the machine premium setting system and the machine premium setting approach of bringing the both sides of an insurance company and a machine user profits.

system which can set up a premium with a more high precision, and the machine premium setting approach by operating ratio prediction with a high precision based on the maintenance plan of a [0016] Furthermore, other purposes of this invention are offering the machine premium setting

[0017] Furthermore, other purposes of this invention are offering the machine premium setting system which can improve a premium by improvement of the maintenance plan technique of a machine user's machine, and the machine premium setting approach.

system which can improve a premium by improvement of the employment situation of a machine [0018] Furthermore, other purposes of this invention are offering the machine premium setting user's machine, and the machine premium setting approach.

claim and the gestalt of implementation of invention, and don't use them for the interpretation of Means for Solving the Problem] The figure number in the term of this The means for solving a technical problem and a sign must not be described in order to show correspondence with a

drawing 1, communication line L32) said next time said next time based on the charge payment answers said notice, and transfers a premium to the account of said manufacturer office (drawing 1 , manufacturer 28) said next time in said financial agency office (drawing 1 , financial 9), and an accounting server (drawing 1 , accounting server 14), A manufacturer office (drawing user 12) equipped with the facility operations system which has a machine (<u>drawing 1</u> , machine evaluation system B33) and a costs management server (drawing 1, costs management server 34) and a financial agency office (<u>drawing 1</u> , financial agency office 13) are provided. And said maintenance evaluation system B33) acquires the 1 manufacturer 28) equipped with a maintenance evaluation system (drawing 1 , maintenance machine (<u>drawing 1</u> , machine 9) between said machine user offices (<u>drawing 1</u> , machine user management server (<u>drawing 1</u> , costs management server 37) next time. Then, said costs management server (<u>drawing 1</u> , costs management server 37) notifies said accounting server drawing 1, accounting server 14) of the charge of maintenance through a communication line (0020) In order to solve the above-mentioned technical problem, therefore, the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention A machine user office (drawing 1, machine (drawing 1, communication line 129) based on the maintenance contract about the first half information, and the charge payment directions of maintenance are outputted to said costs operations system (drawing_1 , facility operations system 3) through a communication line directions of maintenance. And said accounting server (drawing 1, accounting server 14) maintenance is determined based on said maintenance contract and said maintenance maintenance information about said machine (<u>drawing 1</u>, machine 9) from said facility 12) and said manufacturer offices (drawing 1 . manufacturer 28). Next, the charge of agency office 13). a claim.

(<u>drawing 12</u>, machine 9) between said machine user offices (<u>drawing 12</u>, machine user 12) and said manufacturer offices (<u>drawing 12</u>, manufacturer 28) -- harshness -- based on a contract, accounting server (drawing 12 , accounting server 14). Remote monitoring system (drawing 12 remote monitoring system (drawing 12 . maintenance office (<u>drawing 12</u> , financial agency office 13) are provided, and maintenance concerning [said evaluation system B33), A manufacturer office (<u>drawing 12</u> , manufacturer 28) equipped with a remote monitoring system (drawing 12 , remote monitoring system 25)] the first half machine facility operations system which has a machine (<u>drawing 12</u>, machine 9) (<u>drawing 12</u>, facility operations system 3). A machine user office (drawing 12, machine user 12) equipped with an costs management server (drawing 12, costs management server 37) and a financial agency [0021] Moreover, the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention The

said maintenance information from said facility operations system (drawing 1 , facility operations communication line 9) is acquired from said communication line (<u>drawing 12</u> , communication line maintenance evaluation system (<u>drawing 12</u> , maintenance evaluation system B33) acquires the said maintenance evaluation system (drawing 1, maintenance evaluation system B33) acquires the maintenance evaluation server (drawing 1 , maintenance evaluation server B35) with which [0022] Moreover, the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention provides time. Next, said costs management server (drawing 12, costs management server 34) notifies (<u>drawing 12</u> , communication line 129) based on said maintenance contract. And the charge of maintenance is determined based on said maintenance contract, said employment information. outputted to said costs management server (drawing 12, costs management server 34) next through a communication line (drawing 12 , communication line L32) said next time said next maintenance to the account of said manufacturer office (drawing 12 , manufacturer 28) said operations system (drawing 12, facility operations system 3) through a communication line time based on the charge payment directions of maintenance. And said accounting server the employment information about the employment situation of said machine (<u>drawing 12</u> and said maintenance information, and the charge payment directions of maintenance are said accounting server (drawing 12, accounting server 14) of the charge of maintenance maintenance information about said machine (drawing 12, machine 9) from said facility 9) through a communication line (drawing 12, communication line 129). Moreover, said (<u>drawing 12</u> , accounting server 14) answers said notice, and transfers the charge of next time in said financial agency office (drawing 12, financial agency office 13).

evaluation information database B36) holding the information about modification of said charge of

system 3), and the maintenance evaluation information database (drawing 1 , maintenance

maintenance to which it was beforehand set based on said maintenance information and said

information which said maintenance evaluation information database (drawing 1 , maintenance

evaluation server B35) determines said charge of maintenance based on said maintenance

maintenance contract. And said maintenance evaluation server (<u>drawing 1</u>, maintenance

evaluation information database B36) holds, and the information about said modification, and

outputs the charge payment directions of maintenance to said costs management server

evaluation information database B36) holding the information about modification of said charge of employment information which said device information database (drawing 12, device information database (<u>drawing 12</u> , device information database 23) holding the correction factor information employment information from said machine (drawing 12, machine 9), and the device information moreover, the maintenance evaluation server (<u>drawing 12</u> , maintenance evaluation server B35) information in connection with maintenance of said machine (<u>drawing 1</u> , machine 9) from which said maintenance information which said maintenance evaluation information database (<u>drawing</u> maintenance evaluation server B35) determines said charge of maintenance based on a part of [0023] Furthermore, the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention is the possesses the remote monitor server (<u>drawing 12</u> , remote monitor server 22) with which said remote monitoring system (<u>drawing 12</u> , remote monitoring system 25) acquires said with which said maintenance evaluation system (drawing 12 , maintenance evaluation system B33) acquires said maintenance information from said facility operations system (drawing 12 database 23) holds, and said correction factor information, and outputs said correction factor harshness -- the maintenance evaluation information database (drawing 12, a maintenance maintenance beforehand set up based on the contract provides. Said remote monitor server and part of said employment information to said maintenance evaluation server (<u>drawing 12</u> , maintenance evaluation server B35). And said maintenance evaluation server (drawing 12. about the employment conditions of said machine (drawing 12, machine 9) of having been [0024] Furthermore, the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention beforehand set up based on said employment information and said maintenance contract. facility operations system 3), and said maintenance information and said maintenance --(drawing 12, remote monitor server 22) determines a correction factor based on said said maintenance information is acquired based on the risk base maintenance method. drawing 1, costs management server 37) said next time.

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12. maintenance evaluation information database B36) holds, information about said modification, said correction factor, and said employment information, and outputs the charge payment directions of maintenance to said costs management server (<u>drawing 12</u>, costs management server 37) said next time.

said costs management server (drawing_1 , 12, costs management server 37) is contained in said management server (<u>drawing 20</u> , premium management server 6) notifies said accounting server 3), A machine user office ($\frac{1}{2}$ drawing $\frac{1}{2}$ machine user 12) equipped with an accounting server ($\frac{1}{2}$ drawing $\frac{1}{2}$ accounting server 14). Remote monitoring system ($\frac{1}{2}$ drawing $\frac{1}{2}$ remote monitoring management server (drawing 20 , premium management server 6) next time. Next, said premium company 11). On the other hand, said maintenance evaluation system (drawing 25, maintenance company 11) in a financial agency office (drawing 20 , financial agency office 13) said next time. 1), An insurance-company office (drawing 25, insurance company 11) equipped with a premium 0025] Furthermore, as for the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention, [0026] Furthermore, as for the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention. [0027] Furthermore, as for the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention. evaluation system (<u>drawing 20</u> , maintenance evaluation system 1) and a premium management server (<u>drawing 20</u> , premium management server 6) and a financial agency office (<u>drawing 20</u> , system 25) and a maintenance evaluation system (drawing 25, maintenance evaluation system (drawing 25, financial agency office 13) are provided. Said remote monitoring system (drawing said remote monitoring system (drawing 12 , remote monitoring system 25) is contained in said management server (drawing 25, premium management server 6) and a financial agency office 25, remote monitoring system 25) acquires the employment information about the employment [0029] Moreover, the machine premium setting system of this invention The facility operations system which has a machine (drawing 25, machine 9) (drawing 25, facility operations system (drawing 20, machine 9) from said facility operations system (drawing 20, facility operations system 3) through a communication line (drawing 20. communication line A15) based on the transfers a premium to the account of said insurance-company office (drawing 20, insurance [0028] In order to solve the above-mentioned technical problem, the machine premium setting machine user 12) equipped with an accounting server (drawing 20 , accounting server 14). An (<u>drawing 20</u> , accounting server 14) of a premium through a communication line (<u>drawing 20</u> , insurance-company office (drawing 20, insurance company 11) equipped with a maintenance communication line D18) said next time said next time based on premium payment directions. situation of said machine (drawing 25 , machine 9) to said machine (drawing 25 , machine 9) through a communication line (<u>drawing 25</u> , communication line A15) based on the insurance about the first half machine (drawing 25 , machine 9) between said machine user offices evaluation system 1) acquires the maintenance information about said machine (drawing 25. (drawing 25, machine user 12) and said insurance-company offices (drawing 25, insurance maintenance evaluation system 1) acquires the maintenance information about said machine maintenance information is the information in connection with maintenance of said machine insurance about the first half machine (drawing 20, machine 9) between said machine user said employment conditions are set up based on at least one of the output of said machine financial agency office 13) are provided. Said maintenance evaluation system (drawing 20. machine 9) from said facility operations system (drawing 25, facility operations system 3) drawing 12, machine 9), the count of start and stop, and output rate of change, and said machine 9) (<u>drawing 20</u>, facility operations system 3), A machine user office (<u>drawing 20</u> system of this invention The facility operations system which has a machine (drawing 20). maintenance information, and premium payment directions are outputted to said premium And said accounting server (drawing 20, accounting server 14) answers said notice, and offices (drawing 20 , machine user 12) and said insurance-company offices (drawing 20 insurance company 11). And a premium is determined based on said insurance and said maintenance evaluation system (<u>drawing 1</u> , 12, maintenance evaluation system B33) maintenance evaluation system (<u>drawing 12</u> , maintenance evaluation system B33). drawing 12, machine 9) obtained based on the risk base maintenance method.

management server (<u>drawing 25</u> , premium management server 6) next time. Next, said premium management server (<u>drawing 25</u> , premium management server 6) notifies said accounting server [0032] Furthermore, the machine premium setting system of this invention possesses the remote said machine (drawing 25, machine 9), and the device information database (drawing 25, device [0033] Furthermore, the machine premium setting system of this invention is set up based on at which it was beforehand set based on said maintenance information and said insurance. And said evaluation information database 5) holding the information about modification of said premium to system (drawing 25, remote monitoring system 25) acquires said employment information from conditions of said machine (drawing 25, machine 9) of having been beforehand set up based on employment information, and outputs premium payment directions to said premium management company 11) in a financial agency office (<u>drawing 25</u> , financial agency office 13) said next time. premium based on said maintenance information which said maintenance evaluation information maintenance evaluation server (drawing 20 , 4 maintenance evaluation server) determines said [0031] Furthermore, the machine premium setting system of this invention is the information in said employment information and said insurance. Said maintenance evaluation system (drawing operations system (<u>drawing 25</u> , facility operations system 3), and the maintenance evaluation information database (drawing 25 , maintenance evaluation information database 5) holding the information to said maintenance evaluation server (<u>drawing 25</u> , maintenance evaluation server evaluation information database ($\frac{1}{2}$ drawing $\frac{1}{2}$, maintenance evaluation information database $\frac{1}{2}$ $\overline{25}$, maintenance evaluation system 1) possesses the maintenance evaluation server ($\overline{drawing}$ $\overline{25}$, all evaluation servers 4) which acquires said maintenance information from said facility maintenance evaluation server (drawing 20 , maintenance evaluation server 4) with which said least one of the output of said machine (drawing 25 , machine 9), the count of start and stop. 0034] Furthermore, as for the machine premium setting system of this invention, said remote (drawing 25, accounting server 14) of a premium through a communication line (drawing 25. transfers a premium to the account of said insurance-company office (drawing 25, insurance maintenance evaluation system (drawing 20 , maintenance evaluation system 1) acquires said information about said modification, and outputs premium payment directions to said premium information and said insurance. And said remote monitor server (drawing 25, remote monitor correction factor information, and outputs said correction factor and part of said employment And said accounting server (<u>drawing 25</u> , said accounting server 14) answers said notice, and maintenance information from said facility operations system (drawing 20, facility operations And a premium is determined based on said insurance, said employment information, and said communication line D18) said next time said next time based on premium payment directions. information about modification of said premium beforehand set up based on said maintenance 4). Next, said maintenance evaluation server (drawing 25 , maintenance evaluation server 4) server 22) determines a correction factor based on said employment information which said system 3), and the maintenance evaluation information database (drawing 20 , maintenance monitor server (<u>drawing 25</u> , remote monitor server 22) with which said remote monitoring device information database (drawing 25, device information database 23) holds, and said [0030] Furthermore, the machine premium setting system of this invention possesses the maintenance information, and premium payment directions are outputted to said premium information database 23) holding the correction factor information about the employment determines said premium based on said maintenance information which said maintenance monitoring system (<u>drawing 25</u> , 25) is contained in said maintenance evaluation system connection with maintenance of said machine (drawing 20, machine 9) from which said connection with maintenance of said machine (drawing 25, machine 9) from which said holds, the information about said modification, said correction factor, and said a part of and output rate of change, and said employment conditions of it are the information in database (<u>drawing 20</u> , maintenance evaluation information database 5) holds, and the management server (<u>drawing 20</u> , premium management server 14) said next time. maintenance information is acquired based on the risk base maintenance method. maintenance information is acquired based on the risk base maintenance method. server (drawing 25, premium management server 6) said next time.

through a communication line (drawing 25, communication line A15) based on said insurance.

4)

machine user office (<u>drawing 1</u>, machine user 12) answers said notice, and sets through a communication line (<u>drawing 1</u>, communication line K31) to said financial agency office (<u>drawing 1</u>, financial agency office 13). The step which transfers the charge of maintenance to the [0037] Moreover, the charge setting approach of machine maintenance of this invention is based (drawing 12, financial agency office 13) through a communication line (drawing 12, communication 12, manufacturer 28), Said manufacturer office (drawing 12, manufacturer 28) is based on a front (drawing 12, machine user 12) through a communication line (drawing 12, communication line 129) manufacturer office (<u>drawing 1</u> , manufacturer 28) determines the charge of maintenance based manufacturer office (drawing 12, manufacturer 28) determines the charge of maintenance based maintenance to the account of said manufacturer office (drawing 12, manufacturer 28) said next above-mentioned technical problem It is based on the maintenance contract about the machine which notifies the charge of maintenance to said machine user office (<u>drawing 1</u> , machine user (0035) Furthermore, as for the machine premium setting system of this invention, said premium line K31). The step which pays the charge of maintenance to said manufacturer office (drawing and outputs the charge payment directions of maintenance next time, Said manufacturer office (drawing 12, manufacturer 28) is based on the charge directions of maintenance said next time. Said manufacturer office (drawing 12, manufacturer 28) is based on said maintenance contract. manufacturer office (drawing 1, manufacturer 28) is based on said maintenance contract. The user office (drawing 12, machine user 12) and a manufacturer office (drawing 12, manufacturer The step which acquires the maintenance information about the maintenance situation of said on said maintenance contract, said employment information, and said maintenance information, machine user 12) through a communication line (drawing 12, communication line L32) said next machine (drawing 1, machine 9) from said machine user office (drawing 1, machine user 12) machine (drawing 12, machine 9) from said machine user office (drawing 12, machine user 12) account of said manufacturer office (drawing 1, manufacturer 28) said next time is provided. through a communication line (drawing 1, communication line K31). The step which pays the (0036) The charge setting approach of machine maintenance of this invention for solving the on the maintenance contract about the machine (drawing 12, machine 9) between a machine drawing 1, machine 9) between a machine user office (<u>drawing 1</u>, machine user 12) and a employment situation of said machine (drawing 12, machine 9) from said machine user office manufacturer 28) is based on the charge directions of maintenance said next time. The step 28). Said machine user office (drawing 12, machine user 12) sets to a financial agency office The step which notifies the charge of maintenance to said machine user office (drawing 12. 12) through a communication line (drawing 1, communication line L32) said next time. Said through a communication line (drawing 12, communication line K31) to said financial agency through a communication line (drawing 1, communication line 129). The step to which said time, Said machine user office (drawing 12, machine user 12) answers said notice, and sets through a communication line (drawing 12, communication line 129). The step to which said management server (drawing 20, 12, premium management server 6) is contained in said step which acquires the maintenance information about the maintenance situation of said machine user 12) sets to a financial agency office (drawing 1, financial agency office 13) on said maintenance contract and said maintenance information, and outputs the charge manufacturer office (drawing 1, manufacturer 28). Said machine user office (drawing 1 charge of maintenance to said manufacturer office (drawing 1, manufacturer 28), Said maintenance contract. The step which acquires the employment information about the office (drawing 12, financial agency office 13). The step which transfers the charge of maintenance evaluation system (drawing 20 , 12, maintenance evaluation system 1). payment directions of maintenance next time. Said manufacturer office (drawing 1. time is provided.

[0038] The machine premium setting approach of this invention for solving the above-mentioned technical problem It is based on the insurance about the machine (drawing 20, machine 9) between a machine user office (drawing 20, machine user 12) and an insurance-company office (drawing 20, insurance company 11). Said machine user office (drawing 20, machine user 12) sets

(drawing 20, communication line C17) to said financial agency office (drawing 20, financial agency company office (drawing 20, insurance company 11), Said insurance-company office (drawing 20, office (drawing 20, machine user 12) answers said notice, and sets through a communication line office 13). The step which transfers a premium to the account of said insurance-company office to a financial agency office (drawing 20, financial agency office 13) through a communication line information, and outputs premium payment directions next time, Said insurance-company office information about the maintenance situation of said machine (drawing 20, machine 9) from said which notifies a premium to said machine user office (drawing 20, machine user 12) through a insurance company 11) is based on said insurance. The step which acquires the maintenance machine user office (drawing 20, machine user 12) through a communication line (drawing 20. insurance company 11) determines a premium based on said insurance and said maintenance (drawing 20, insurance company 11) is based on premium directions said next time. The step communication line (drawing 20, communication line D18) said next time, Said machine user (drawing 20, communication line C17). The step which pays a premium to said insurancecommunication line A15), The step to which said insurance-company office (drawing 20, (drawing 20, insurance company 11) said next time is provided.

insurance about the machine (drawing 25, machine 9) between a machine user office (drawing 25, to said machine user office (drawing 25, machine user 12) through a communication line (drawing 12) answers said notice, and sets through a communication line (drawing 25, communication line 25, communication line D18) said next time, Said machine user office (drawing 25, machine user machine user office (drawing 25, machine user 12) sets to a financial agency office (drawing 25, insurance-company office (drawing 25, insurance company 11) determines a premium based on company 11) is based on premium directions said next time. The step which notifies a premium financial agency office 13) through a communication line (drawing 25, communication line C17). insurance-company office (drawing 25, insurance company 11) is based on said insurance. The premium payment directions next time, Said insurance-company office (drawing 25, insurance machine user 12) and an insurance-company office (drawing 25, insurance company 11). Said company 11), Said insurance-company office (drawing 25, insurance company 11) is based on machine (drawing 25, machine 9) from said machine user office (drawing 25, machine user 12) transfers a premium to the account of said insurance-company office (drawing 25, insurance situation of said machine (drawing 25, machine 9) from said machine user office (drawing 25. said insurance, said employment information, and said maintenance information, and outputs said insurance. The step which acquires the employment information about the employment through a communication line (drawing 25, communication line A15), The step to which said C17) to said financial agency office (drawing 25, financial agency office 13). The step which machine user 12) through a communication line (drawing 25, communication line A15), Said step which acquires the maintenance information about the maintenance situation of said [0039] Moreover, the machine premium setting approach of this invention is based on the The step which pays a premium to said insurance-company office (drawing 25, insurance company 11) said next time is provided.

[0040] The program for performing the charge setting approach of machine maintenance of this invention for solving the above-mentioned technical problem It is based on the maintenance contract about the machine (drawing 1, machine 9) of a machine user office (drawing 1, machine user 12) and a manufacturer office (drawing 1, machine user 12) and a manufacturer office (drawing 1, machine user 12). The charge payment directions of maintenance are answered the next time when it is generated based on the maintenance information about a maintenance situation and said maintenance contract of said machine (drawing 1, machine 9). The step which notifies the charge of maintenance to said machine user office (drawing 1, machine user 12) said next time is performed through a communication line (drawing 1, communication line L32).
[0041] Moreover, the program for performing the charge setting approach of machine maintenance of this invention It is based on the maintenance contract about the machine (drawing 12, machine user 12) and a manufacturer office (drawing 12, machine user 12) and a

a)

maintenance from said machine user office (drawing 12, machine user 12), The charge payment

maintenance information, and said maintenance contract of said machine (drawing 12, machine 9). The step which notifies the charge of maintenance to said machine user office (drawing 12,

machine user 12) said next time is performed through a communication line (drawing 12.

communication line L32).

employment information about an employment situation, the maintenance information about

directions of maintenance are answered the next time when it is generated based on the

the maintenance information about maintenance information, and said insurance of said machine (drawing 25, machine 9). The step which notifies a premium to said machine user office (drawing insurance company 11). The step which checks the payment of the premium from said machine time when it is generated based on the employment information about an employment situation. [0043] Furthermore, the program for performing the machine premium setting approach of this invention It is based on the insurance about the machine (drawing 25, machine 9) of a machine user office (drawing 25, machine user 12), Premium payment directions are answered the next 25, machine user 12) said next time is performed through a communication line (drawing 25, user office (drawing 25, machine user 12) and an insurance-company office (drawing 25, communication line D18).

machine 9). The step which notifies a premium to said machine user office (drawing 20, machine

information about an employment situation and said insurance of said machine (drawing 20,

user 12) said next time is performed through a communication line (drawing 20, communication

line D18).

payment of the premium from said machine user office (drawing 20. machine user 12). Premium payment directions are answered the next time when it is generated based on the maintenance

insurance-company office (drawing 20, insurance company 11). The step which checks the

(drawing 20, machine 9) of a machine user office (drawing 20, machine user 12) and an

solving the above-mentioned technical problem It is based on the insurance about the machine

[0042] The program for performing the machine premium setting approach of this invention for

example, also in other machines which insurance is concluded and are used in a machine user, it [Embodiment of the Invention] Hereafter, the gestalt of operation of the charge setting system explained with reference to an accompanying drawing. In this example, although the machine premium setting system used for a machine user's gas turbine is shown and explained to an of machine maintenance which is this invention, and a machine premium setting system is is applicable.

maintenance activities of inspection of a machine, repair, etc. That is, the damage situation of all situation, a corrosion situation, etc. are investigated. And those damage mechanisms are defined. RBM -- law -- " -- ** -- it describes) is explained with reference to drawing 3 and drawing 4. Next, the life expectancy and breakage probability in a components unit are evaluated from the amount of a loss by breakage of each part article is guessed, and let the breakage probability ${\sf x}$ planned decision from which a maintenance cost serves as the minimum in order to maintain a elegance. Maintenance planned decision which minimizes the above-mentioned risk within the limits of a fixed maintenance cost based on the result of the risk evaluation, and maintenance machine premium setting system which is this invention -- the outline of law (the following --amount of a loss be a risk. And it is the risk of the whole machine which all totaled the risk of risk below on criteria are performed. Similarly, in order to maintain the operating ratio beyond the components that constitute a machine is grasped periodically first, and a crack initiation situation of all current components, and the above-mentioned damage mechanism. And the The RBM method is the technique for optimizing the maintenance plan of a machine in the [0045] first, the risk base maintenance (Risk-Based Maintenance) in connection with the criteria, decision of the maintenance plan under which a maintenance cost serves as the minimum is also possible.

[0046] Drawing 4 is a risk matrix which shows the relation between a loss incidence rate and loss, the loss whose axis of abscissa is the amount of a loss -- it is -- here -- expedient -smallness, size, and importance -- fatal ** -- it is carrying out. however -- actual -- for

out, however -- in practice -- for example, less than (the same the following which occurs once) permission:routine inspection are performing continuously about each rank, for example even if it incidence rate which is a breakage probability, and is here. **, low, inside, quantity It is carrying modification, and permission are impossible. A risk is ranked and it decides upon a maintenance example, 1 million or less yen, 10 million yen or less, 100 million yen or less, and 100 million yen super-***** -- it is used according to the machine [like] which is applicable, setting up the 100 years, less than ten years, less than five years, and less than one year as --- according to parameter which shows the amount of money or loss concretely. An axis of ordinate is a loss does not inspect in addition to permission good:routine inspection -- continuous -- use good improvement of inspection routine, an improvement of operation and a management method, Moreover, in each field, a permission good, conditional permission, important point planned online monitoring, and damage reduction etc.) which copes with by the next check -- it is plan based on it. if inspection and a cure suitable at the time of use good and conditional and important point planned modification: -- permission improper: (a cure: the cure of an the target machine, it is used concretely, setting up a probability or a similar parameter. performing said cure immediately etc.

damage etc. based on risk evaluation like drawing 4. By doing so, maintenance activities which do case. If this is checked for every routine inspection, since it does not generate, in a maintenance of a machine, repair, etc. for the machine user using a machine is restricted. For the reason, it is there. The time amount spent on maintenance of the maintenance cost concerning maintenance not generate loss are attained in the limited maintenance cost and time amount. By carrying out drawing 3, as compared with the case where inspection etc. is conducted using the conventional service. I hear that loss may lower priority and there is. And when there are components whose time limits/maintenance check, it becomes possible to aim at reduction of a risk efficiently also [0047] In drawing 4, loss is small and a loss incidence rate is also permissible in a fine ***** loss incidence rate other loss is large and is also high, it means that priority should be given by deciding upon the maintenance plan which minimizes such a risk, and going, as shown in very important to give priority to repair of the part or components which are carrying out with the same inspection and disregard level.

charge setting system of machine maintenance) and a premium (below the same in the case of a in the case of the charge setting system of machine maintenance) who is the manufacturer of a machine, and a machine, the risk [insurance money / (in the case of a machine premium setting system, it is below the same) / the maintenance cost (in the case of the charge setting system below the same) which takes charge of the insurance of the manufacturer (it is below the same maintenance and insurance and] of generating of payment can be reduced. That is, it becomes of machine maintenance, it is below the same) by the failure of a machine set as the object of the premium setting approach which has profits in both a machine user and a manufacturer, or introduces law and is performing maintenance activities -- in view of the effectiveness of law, setting system in this invention] RBM -- RBM shown by drawing 3 to the machine user who Moreover, as an insurance company (in the case of a machine premium setting system, it is operating ratio of a machine but to reduction of the charge of maintenance, and a premium. the approach of discounting the charge of maintenance (below the same in the case of the [0048] such [in the charge setting system of machine maintenance and machine premium machine premium setting system) is introduced. Reducing the risk of loss by the machine efficiently as a machine user side, and reducing loss leads not only to improvement in the an insurance company.

premium setting system which are this invention -- the fundamental view of a setup of the first of the charge of maintenance in consideration of law and a premium is explained with reference [0049] next, RBM used for the charge setting system of machine maintenance and machine to drawing 21, drawing 2, drawing 3 - drawing 4.

and a premium in that the charge of maintenance (it is below the same in the case of the charge setting system, it differs from the setting approach of the conventional charge of maintenance, setting system of machine maintenance) and a premium (it is below the same in the case of a (0050) In the charge setting system of this machine maintenance, and a machine premium

manufacturer of a machine, and a machine investigates the maintenance situation of a machine, it carries out by acquiring the information on a maintenance situation from a machine user. And based on the information, processing by the following charges of maintenance and the premium premium setting system) which takes charge of the insurance of the manufacturer (it is below machine premium setting system) are fluctuated according to the maintenance situation of a machine. Although the insurance company (it is below the same in the case of a machine the same in the case of the charge setting system of machine maintenance) who is the count process A (**-**) is performed, and a premium is determined.

the use elapsed-years correction factor Ky of a machine. Here, with the maintenance plan based is, it is failure rate lambdam of the conventional failure rate lambdamc>RBM method (however, a on the RBM method, and the risk reduction by the operation, the failure rate of a proper falls to about modification of the charge of maintenance, and a premium. Thereby, lambda also becomes calculated by the machine by following several 1 based on failure rate lambdam of a proper, and a machine from the conventional case (lambdamc), and is set to failure rate lambdam at it. That lambda mc(lambda m). In this case, failure rate lambdam of the RBM method is the information [0051] ** Calculate the failure rate lambda of a machine first. The failure rate of a machine is maintenance plan etc. is appropriate, and when there is nothing, there may also be a case of low compared with the conventional case.

Equation 1)

7 — 17 y · 7 m

However, the relation between use elapsed years and the use elapsed-years correction factor elapsed years take for increasing, and Ky goes up, namely, it is shown that a failure incidence ordinate is the use elapsed-years correction factor Ky. The time of intact is set to 1.0, use Ky is shown in drawing 16. An axis of abscissa is use elapsed years (year), and an axis of rate goes up.

** Next, compute repair time amount T. The repair time amount T which is the time amount from based on the time amount Td which detection takes, and the time amount Tr which restoration failure generating to the completion of failure part repair is calculated by following several 2 of failure of a machine takes from failure generating of a machine.

[Equation 2]

= T d + T r

Moreover, recoverability mu is calculated by following several 3 using the repair time amount T. [Equation 3]

be disregarded to Tr. That is, it is possible to shorten the repair time amount T. It turns out that accident can be detected extremely in a short time. Therefore, Td becomes very short and can However, when the remote monitor of the machine is always carried out, the occurrence of it leads to improvement in recoverability mu.

in consideration of the above-mentioned failure rate is computed by following several 4 based on ** Next, compute the operating ratio forecast A. The operating ratio forecast A of the machine the failure rate lambda computed by **, and the recoverability mu computed by **.

[Equation 4]

 $\lambda = \mu / (\lambda + \mu)$

following several 5 based on loss **** kg peculiar to the machine showing the amount of a loss ** And calculate the amount of a loss D. The loss by failure of a machine is computed by per 1% of operating ratios, and the operating ratio forecast A computed by **.

D=Kg (1-A)

[Equation 5]

forecast A by failure of a machine is shown. An axis of abscissa is operating ratio forecast A (%), In drawing 2 and drawing 21, the relation of the amount of a loss $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{D}}$ and the operating ratio

this invention, the charge E of maintenance and Premium C, and the operating ratio forecast A is shown. An axis of abscissa is operating ratio forecast A (\$), and axes of ordinate are this for falling, and increases the amount of a loss D. Moreover, the amount of a loss D which it is as used lambdamc for the machine as a failure rate of a proper). That is, since the RBM method is setting system of machine maintenance, it is below the same), and Premium C (in the case of a machine, the charge EC of maintenance and Premium CC, the amount of a loss D calculated by forecasts, although it becomes the amount of a loss D= 0, the operating ratio forecast A takes determined based on the amount of a loss D for which it asked by **. In drawing 2 and drawing 21, the relation between the amount of a loss DC calculated by the conventional approach of a [0052] ** Perform calculation of the next charge E of maintenance (in the case of the charge machine premium setting system, it is below the same) based on the above-mentioned result. a result of the above-mentioned count in consideration of the RBM method is a low value as compared with the amount of a loss DC by the conventional approach (what is several 1 and Calculation of the charge of maintenance of the next time of a machine and a premium is adopted, the failure incidence rate lambda falls and the amount of a loss is falling (D<DC). and an axis of ordinate is the amount of a loss D. In the case of 100% of operating ratio invention, the conventional premium, and the amount of a loss.

the amount of a loss will be set up at a low price. That is, to the same operating ratio forecast A. the charge E of maintenance by the charge setting system of machine maintenance which is this invention, and the premium C by the machine premium setting system make it low compared with concerning maintenance, and the maintenance cost (e> 0) which is the cost for the management several 1 and used lambdamc for the machine as a failure rate of a proper) which the amount of premium (= amount of a loss D) which is the cost for insurance money payment, and the loading maintenance plan based on the RBM method and by which maintenance is carried out based on a loss D calculated by the conventional approach. Therefore, the premium calculated based on the charge EC of maintenance by the conventional approach, and Premium CC (EC>E, CC>C). Premium C shown in drawing 21. Here, since a risk reduces the machine which has a suitable of a maintenance enterprise in principle, it becomes like the graph of the charge E of maintenance shown in drawing 2. Moreover, in principle, since Premium C consists of the net it as shown in drawing 3, it becomes low as compared with the amount of a loss DC (what is (d) 0) which is the cost for insurance enterprise management, it becomes like the graph of [0053] Since the charge E of maintenance consists of the costs (= amount of a loss D) and as a difference is among both, it is set up.

installation is achieved. This can be said to both a manufacturer or an insurance company, and a machine user that it is the charge setting system of maintenance and a premium setting system carrying out appropriately [the RBM method] and effectively. such an incentive -- a machine maintenance by failure rate lambdam of a proper falling to a machine and a premium becomes high, and a setup of the charge of maintenance and a premium becomes cheaper, so that it is [0054] It is targeted at the machine user who is performing planning and implementation of a maintenance plan by the RBM method in this invention. And the decrement of the charge of user's RBM --- suitable operation after the increment in the introductory volition of law and with profits as mentioned above.

[0055] moreover, lambdam -- the same -- Ky -- RBM -- it is also possible to set up so that it may become low by installation of law. That is, in drawing 16, at the time of intact, although it is years may be lessened. By doing so, the same effectiveness as a setup which lambdam reduces Ky=1.0, it sets up so that the rate of a rise of Ky accompanying the increment in use elapsed

principle [the costs (= amount of a loss) + maintenance cost and the premium = net premium (= limited to five by the range of the value of the operating ratio forecast A, although the charge E of maintenance and Premium C take five values. The charge of maintenance = (a) Carry out a [0056] In addition, the graph which shows the charge E of maintenance of drawing 2 and the premium C of drawing 21, and relation with the operating ratio forecast A is not necessarily amount of a loss) + loading concerning maintenance]. (b) If the charge of maintenance and premium at the time are set to S2, the charge of maintenance and premium at the time

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[A=A/1 / which takes the value of the highest charge of maintenance, and a premium when A is 0% and serves as the minimum charge of maintenance, and a premium when A is 100% / (c)] [A=A/2 / S1 and] What is necessary is to just be determined at the time of A1(A2, so that two conditions of ** used as S1>=S2 may be fulfilled. The conditions of (b) have the high possibility of failure of a machine, and the prediction operating ratio A is based on the principle of becoming the highest charge of maintenance, and a premium when close to 0%, and becoming the minimum charge of maintenance, and a premium if 100% of prediction availability is expected. It is based on whether the charge of maintenance and a premium are so the same that the conditions of (c) have the low prediction operating ratio A and the principle of becoming high. And the graph which fulfills the conditions of (a) - (c) is set up with the model of machine.

[0057] It is the fundamental view of a setup of the first of the charge setting system of machine maintenance, and a machine premium setting system to use the decision approach of of the charge of maintenance and premium using the above RBM methods.

that the charge of maintenance (it is below the same in the case of the charge setting system of setting system) are fluctuated according to the usual employment situation and the usual above~ maintenance) who is the manufacturer of a machine, and a machine investigates the employment situation of the usually of a machine, the output at the time of the employment in a machine, the invention, and a premium is explained with reference to drawing 13 - drawing 15, drawing 27, and count of start and stop, and the output rate of change per unit time amount are used as an item mentioned maintenance situation of a machine. Although the insurance company (it is below the same in the case of a machine premium setting system) which takes charge of the insurance of charges of maintenance and the premium count process B ((1) - (9)) is performed, and the final [0058] Next, the fundamental view of a setup of the second of the charge of maintenance used investigated, the information on maintenance situations, such as risk-evaluation information on differs from the setting approach of the conventional charge of maintenance, and a premium in drawing 19. In this machine premium setting system and a machine premium setting system, it machine maintenance) and a premium (it is below the same in the case of a machine premium machine. About each information, the machine user who uses a machine from a manufacturer for the machine premium setting system and machine premium setting system which are this elegance, maintenance plan information, and reevaluation risk information, is all used about a the manufacturer (it is below the same in the case of the charge setting system of machine and an insurance company is asked, and data are collected. And processing by the following of an employment situation. Moreover, although the maintenance situation of a machine is charge EE of maintenance and Premium CE are determined.

(0059) First, the failure rate lambda in consideration of the employment actual condition for making an employment situation reflect in the charge of maintenance and a premium is

calculated.

become lower than the case of employment with rated value. When an output is larger than rated output. An axis of ordinate is the output correction factor Kp for failure rate calculation. Output lower than rated value, Kp has become less than 1.0 and shows possibility that a failure rate will (1) Compute the output correction factor Kp first. Kp is a multiplier which makes the output at possibility that a failure rate will become higher than the case of employment with rated value. = it is correction factor =1 (with no amendment) at the time of rated value. When an output is abscissa is the output (%) of a gas turbine, and is the value standardized with the horsepower month) set up beforehand, and is performed by computing from the relation of the output and which makes the count of start and stop at the time of employment of a machine reflect in a the time of employment of a machine reflect in a failure rate. Drawing 13 shows the relation The decision of Kp detects the horsepower output value within the period (for example, one [0060] (2) Next, compute the count correction factor Ks of start and stop. Ks is a multiplier between the output of a device facility (gas turbine), and a correction factor Kp. An axis of failure rate. Drawing 14 shows the relation between the count of start and stop of a device value (equivalent to the rated value in drawing 6). Kp is large rather than 1.0 and shows correction factor Kp which show the value of Kp in the output value by drawing 13.

factors (the output correction factor Kp, the count correction factor Ks of start and stop, output possibility that a failure rate will become higher than the case of employment with a design-basis possibility that a failure rate will become higher than the case of employment with a design-basis [0061] (3) Next, compute the output rate-of-change correction factor Kr. Kr is a multiplier which makes the output rate of change at the time of employment of a machine reflect in a failure rate. rate-of-change correction factor Kr), and the multiplier a (the difference of the numeric value of an actual failure rate and lambda is amended) beforehand set up by the machine with failure rate lambdam of a proper, and the use elapsed-years correction factor Ky (drawing 16) of a machine. An axis of ordinate is the output rate-of-change correction factor Kr for failure rate calculation. value. The decision of Kr detects the horsepower output rate of change within the period set up the output of per unit time amount (for example, time amount) comparatively \$) of a gas turbine. beforehand, and is performed by computing from the relation of the count of start and stop and turbine), and a correction factor Kr. An axis of abscissa is the output rate of change (change of design upper limit in drawing 8), Kr has become less than 1.0 and shows possibility that a failure stop of a gas turbine (the count of starting and a halt, a time/period), and an axis of ordinate is Output rate of change = it is correction factor =1 (with no amendment) at the time of a designrate will become lower than the case of employment with a design-basis value. When the count the count correction factor Ks of start and stop for failure rate calculation. The count of start beforehand, and is performed by computing from the relation of the output rate of change and upper limit in drawing 7), Ks has become less than 1.0 and shows possibility that a failure rate correction factor Ks which show the value of Ks in the count of start and stop by drawing 14. will become lower than the case of employment with a design-basis value. When the count of and stop = it is correction factor =1 (with no amendment) at the time of a design-basis value. When the count of start and stop is lower than a design-basis value (equivalent to the design acility (gas turbine), and a correction factor Ks. An axis of abscissa is the count of start and basis value. When output rate of change is lower than a design-basis value (equivalent to the turbine) is calculated by following several 6 based on the three above-mentioned correction correction factor Kr which show the value of Kr in the output rate of change by drawing 15. (0062) (4) Calculate the failure rate lambda of a machine. The failure rate of a machine (gas Drawing 15 shows the relation between the output rate of change of a device facility (gas of start and stop is larger than a design-basis value, Kr is large rather than 1.0 and shows start and stop is larger than a design-basis value, Ks is large rather than 1.0 and shows value. The decision of Ks detects the count of start and stop within the period set up Equation 6]

lar. Ky. Kp. Ks. Kr. Am

That is, this failure rate lambda has considered failure rate lambdam of a device facility proper, and not only use elapsed years (use elapsed-years correction factor Ky) but the employment situation of a device facility, and is the failure rate which reflected the employment actual condition correctly. However, the relation between use elapsed years and the use elapsed-years correction factor Ky is shown in drawing 16. An axis of abscissa is use elapsed years (year), and an axis of ordinate is the use elapsed-years correction factor Ky. The time of intact is set to 1.0, use elapsed years take for increasing, and Ky goes up, namely, it is shown that a failure incidence rate goes up.

[0063] Next, the charge E of temporary maintenance and the charge EE of maintenance, the temporary premium C, and Premium CE are calculated using the failure rate lambda which reflected the employment actual condition correctly.

(5) Compute repair time amount T first. The repair time amount T which is the time amount from failure generating to the completion of failure part repair is calculated by following several 7 based on the time amount Td which detection takes, and the time amount Tr which restoration of failure of a machine takes from failure generating of a machine (gas turbine).

[Equation 7] T = T d + T

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Moreover, recoverability mu is calculated by following several 8 using the repair time amount T. [Equation 8]

That is, not only Tr but the value of Td cannot usually be disregarded as repair time amount T. However, a machine can detect extremely the occurrence of **** which is always performing the remote monitor, and accident in a short time. Therefore, Td becomes very short and can be disregarded to Tr. That is, it is possible to shorten the repair time amount T. It turns out that it leads to improvement in recoverability mu.

[0064] (6) Next, compute the operating ratio forecast A. The operating ratio forecast A of the machine in consideration of the above-mentioned failure rate is computed by following several 9 based on the failure rate lambda computed by (4), and the recoverability mu computed by (5). [Equation 9]

 $A = \mu \nearrow (\lambda + \mu)$

That is, the operating ratio forecast A is a value reflecting the failure rate lambda which reflected the employment situation of a machine correctly. That is, it turns out that the operating ratio anticipation which reflected the employment actual condition of a machine in accuracy more is made.

[0065] (7) Next, calculate the amount of a loss D. The loss by failure of a machine is computed by following several 10 based on loss **** kg peculiar to the machine showing the amount of a loss per 1% of operating ratios, and the operating ratio forecast A computed by (6).

[Equation 10]

D=Kg (1-A)

In drawing 27 and drawing 19, the relation of the amount of a loss D and the operating ratio forecast A forecast A by failure of a machine 9 is shown. An axis of abscissa is operating ratio forecast A d. A. and an axis of ordinate is the amount of a loss D. In the case of 100% of operating ratio forecasts, although it becomes the amount of a loss D=0, the operating ratio forecast A takes for falling, and increases the amount of a loss D. Moreover, the amount of a loss D which it is as a result of the above-mentioned count which reflected the employment actual condition of a machine in accuracy more is a low value as compared with the amount of a loss DC by the conventional approach (it is several 6 and Kp. Ks, and Kr are not taken into consideration). That is, since the information on the employment situation of a machine is made to reflect, the failure incidence rate lambda falls and the amount of a loss is falling (DVDC).

amount of a loss D) which is the cost for insurance money payment, and the loading (d> 0) which [0067] In drawing 27 and drawing 19, the relation between the amount of a loss DC calculated by amount of a loss D calculated by the approach in which the information on the above-mentioned employment situation was made to reflect and the charge E of maintenance and Premium C, and the operating ratio forecast A is shown. An axis of abscissa is operating ratio forecast A (%), and management of a maintenance enterprise in principle, it becomes like the graph of the charge E of maintenance shown in drawing 19. namely, maintenance **** = maintenance-cost (= amount of a loss) + maintenance cost it is . Moreover, since Premium C consists of the net premium (= setting system of machine maintenance, it is below the same), and Premium C (in the case of a the charge E of maintenance consists of the maintenance cost (= amount of a loss D) which is axes of ordinate are this invention, the conventional premium, and the amount of a loss. Since the conventional approach of a machine, the charge EC of maintenance and Premium CC, the the costs concerning maintenance, and the maintenance cost (e> 0) which is the cost for the [0066] (8) Perform calculation of the next charge E of maintenance (in the case of the charge determined by the relation of the charge E of maintenance and Premium C, and the operating machine premium setting system, it is below the same) based on the above-mentioned result. ratio forecast A which were set up based on the amount of a loss D for which it asked by (7). Calculation of the charge of maintenance of the next time of a machine and a premium is is the cost for insurance enterprise management in principle, it becomes like the graph of

Premium C shown in drawing 27. namely, premium = net premium (= amount of a loss) + loading it

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[0068] Here, since a risk will decrease if the employment situation of a machine is the good employment which observed rated value and a design upper limit, the amount of a loss D becomes low as compared with the amount of a loss DC calculated by the conventional approach. Therefore, the charge of maintenance and premium which are calculated based on the amount of a loss will be set up at a low price. That is, to the same operating ratio forecast A, the charge E of maintenance by the charge setting system of machine maintenance which is this invention, and the premium C by the machine premium setting system are made low compared with the charge EC of maintenance by the conventional approach, and Premium CC (EC)E, CC>C), and as a difference is among both, it is set up.

using the maintenance-information + employment information on law, and which is this invention, maintenance plan based on the RBM method and maintenance is carried out proper based on it. of the original proper, the information on a maintenance situation, etc.. and failure rate lambdam lambdam used in several 6 of (4) is changed based on the failure rate (referred to as lambdamc) the RBM method further takes only an employment situation into consideration, it is decreasing machine — receiving — RBM — based on law, it has a suitable maintenance plan, and consider (0069) (9) on the other hand -- an employment situation -- being good -- in addition -- and a further. Therefore, the charge of maintenance and premium which are calculated based on the approach, Premium CC, and employment information, and a premium C (EC)E)EE, CC>C>CE). compared with the amount of a loss D when the amount of a loss DE in the case of enforcing machine premium setting system which determines the charge of maintenance and a premium amount of a loss will be set up at a low price. namely, the same operating ratio forecast A -receiving -- RBM -- it makes low compared with the charge E of maintenance as which the amount of a loss (referred to as DE) is calculated with several 7 - a-ten number using the lambdam of a proper will fall to a device facility at such a case. In order to make it reflect. is decreased in suitable magnitude. And lambda is calculated by changed lambdam and the and Premium CE are determined using the charge EC of maintenance by the conventional charge EE of maintenance by the charge setting system of machine maintenance and the as shown by drawing 3, the risk by failure of a machine decreases. Therefore, failure rate lambda. It will be set to DE shown by drawing 27 and drawing 19 if it does so. That is, as the case where maintenance is carried out proper based on it. When it has a suitable and it is set up as there is a difference.

RBM — it is targeted at the machine user who is performing planning and implementation of a maintenance plan by law. and an employment situation — being good — RBM — when suitable and effective operation of law is made, discount of the charge of maintenance and a premium to the machine user is made [many], and the charge of maintenance and a premium to that it may become cheaper, such an incentive — an improvement of a machine user's employment approach, and RBM — suitable operation after the improvement in the introductory track record of law and installation is achieved. This can be said to both a manufacturer and an insurance company, and a machine user that it is the charge of maintenance and a premium setting system with profits as mentioned above, moreover, lambdam — the same — Ky — RBM — it is also possible to set up so that it may become low by installation of law. That is, in drawing 16, at the time of intact, although it is Ky=1.0, it sets up so that the rate of a rise of Ky accompanying the increment in use elapsed years may be lessened. By doing so, the same effectiveness as a setup which lambdam reduces is acquired.

[0071] In addition, the graph which shows the relation between the charge EE of maintenance of drawing 27 and drawing 19 and Premium CE, and the operating ratio forecast A is not necessarily limited to five by the range of the value of the operating ratio forecast A, although the charge EE of maintenance and Premium CE take five values. Maintenance **** = (a) Carry out a principle [maintenance-cost (= amount of a loss) + maintenance cost and a premium = net premium (= amount of a loss) + loading], (b) When A is 0%, take the value of the highest charge of maintenance, and a premium, and when A is 100%, become the minimum charge of maintenance.

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principle that the possibility of failure of a machine serves as the highest charge of maintenance, and a premium. (c) What is necessary is to just be determined at the time of A1<A2 so that two and a premium highly [the conditions of (b)] when close to 0\$, and the operating ratio forecast becoming high. And the graph which fulfills the conditions of (a) – (c) is set up with the model of conditions of ** used as S1 >= S2 may be fulfilled if the charge of maintenance and premium at the same that the conditions of (c) have the low operating ratio forecast A. and the principle of forecasts is expected. It is based on whether the charge of maintenance and a premium are so A will serve as the minimum charge of maintenance, and a premium if 100% of operating ratio the time are set to S2 for the charge of maintenance and premium at the time. [A=A /1 $^\prime$ operating ratio forecast] [A=A /2 / S1 and / operating ratio forecast] It is based on the machine, magnitude, etc.

about one or more items of an output, the count of start and stop, and the output rate of change possible to also make it change about the data which calculate a corresponding correction factor [0073] the employment situation of the above machines -- taking into consideration -- and RBM sequence. For example, a correction factor is made to increase like one premium, two premiums, deviation is very few, it is also possible to decrease carry out a little correction factor according -- it is the fundamental view of a setup of the second of the charge setting system of machine Kp. Ks. and Kr. However, depending on the class of machine, there is more sensitive possibility to extent of deviation, and to make it the criteria of amendment not become severe too much. (0072) Since the increment in the failure incidence rate by use elapsed years is reflected in a consideration in the data (equivalent to the graph of drawing 13 - drawing 15) which calculate by elapsed years. When it is known beforehand, or when it becomes clear by the middle, it is remarkably, it is also possible to use the data of the correction factor (Kp, Ks, Kr) of another output, and the design-basis value of the count of start and stop, and output rate of change maintenance, and a machine premium setting system to use the decision approach of of the and three premiums according to extent of deviation. Moreover, conversely, when extent of (Kp. Ks. Kr) based on elapsed years. Moreover, when it deviates from the rated value of an failure rate by Ky, there is not necessarily no need that use elapsed years take into charge of maintenance and premium using law.

maintenance evaluation information database, and the costs managerial system 34 equipped with charge setting system of machine maintenance which is this invention with reference to drawing. as a maintenance evaluation system equipped with the maintenance evaluation server B35 as a the costs management server 37 and the cost-information database 38. Moreover, the machine communication line J30. A manufacturer 28 possesses the maintenance evaluation system B33 maintenance evaluation server, and the maintenance evaluation information database B36 as a [0074] (An example 1) explains the configuration of the first of the gestalt of operation of the In this example, the fundamental view of a setup of the first of the charge setting system of user 12 possesses the facility operations system 3 and the accounting server 14 having the diagram about the gestalt of operation of the first of the charge setting system of machine maintenance which is this invention, and possesses the manufacturer 28 as a manufacturer machine maintenance and a machine premium setting system is used. Drawing 1 is a block office, the machine user 12 as a machine user office, the financial agency office 13, a communication line 129, a communication line L32, a communication line K31, and a maintenance server 8, a machine 9, and the maintenance database 10.

certain is determined, and the machine user 12 pays the charge of maintenance for every period [0075] Usually, on the occasion of the purchase of a machine 9, the machine user 12 concludes charge of maintenance for every (every [for example,] turnaround of a machine 9) period of a of the to a manufacturer 28. the facility operations system 3 which, on the other hand, has the machine 9, a risk-evaluation result, and a turnaround etc., such as repair and exchange, future maintenance evaluation system B33 acquires the above-mentioned information on the period situations over the damage at the time of damage situations, such as each part article of a the maintenance contract for maintenance of a manufacturer 28 and a machine 9. And the maintenance plan, etc.) about the maintenance based on law is held. A manufacturer's 28 machine user's 12 machine 9 -- RBM of a machine 9 -- the information (correspondence

maintenance in the next period, and decides to notify a machine user. Since this process is performed for every period defined beforehand, it performs measurement of a maintenance manufacturer 28 determines the charge of maintenance the next time which is a charge of (every [for example,] turnaround of a machine 9) set up beforehand, and analyzes the information on the maintenance in the period. And based on the result of analysis, a situation, and count of the charge of maintenance again at the next period.

manufacturer 28 can also fall the failure incidence rate of a machine 9, when a machine 9 breaks down, expenses of the maintenance cost for repairing a machine 9 can be reduced. Therefore, it (0076] the charge of next maintenance -- the maintenance situation and maintenance plan of a expenses of the charge of maintenance, and capacity utilization rate will also improve. Since a becomes the charge setting approach of maintenance of bringing the both sides of the device machine 9 -- RBM -- it is set up so that it is carried out based on law, and it may become cheaper than the conventional charge of maintenance, if good. Thereby, if the measure of maintenance of a machine 9 is performed appropriately, the machine user 12 can reduce facility user 12 and a manufacturer 28 profits.

situation in the facility operations system 3 is analyzed about reception and those information to maintenance. Moreover, the received information and the information about the set-up charge of beforehand set up with it based on the result is set up. The information about the set-up charge [0077] Next, the configuration of each part is explained below at a detail. First, the manufacturer maintenance evaluation system is equipped with the maintenance evaluation server B35 and the to deal with it also about the information on other machine users' facility operations system (not of maintenance is outputted to the costs managerial system 34 as charge payment directions of maintenance are saved in the maintenance evaluation information database B36. In addition, the these are not necessarily exclusively for the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3, and information about a maintenance situation can also be acquired by requiring of the maintenance evaluation server through a communication line 129. And the information about the maintenance shown). The maintenance server 8 of the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3 and a communication link are possible for the maintenance evaluation server B35 as a maintenance charge of maintenance in the period when the degree of the facility operations system 3 was maintenance evaluation information database B36. It is possible for there to be no need that every [which was set up beforehand] period (for example, turnaround of a machine 9). The 28 as a manufacturer station is explained. The maintenance evaluation system B33 as a server 8 if needed.

maintenance contract between a manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12, information required about the maintenance situation of the machine 9 which the maintenance evaluation server B35 information database is connected to a maintenance evaluation server B35, and the information acquired, the information about the maintenance plan sent to a manufacturer 28 based on the maintenance, etc. hold. And according to a demand of the maintenance evaluation server B35, [0078] The maintenance evaluation information database B36 as a maintenance evaluation for a setup of the charge of maintenance, the information about the set-up charge of drawing is possible for those information always.

the maintenance evaluation system B33, and the combination with other maintenance evaluation control of other machine users' machine (not shown). Moreover, the costs managerial system 34 is managed by the section [handling / the section / costs, such as accounting or an accounting machine user's 12 facility operations system 3, and to deal with it also about the maintenance cost-information database 38. There is no need that these are not necessarily exclusively for (0079) The costs managerial system 34 possesses the costs management server 37 and the systems (not shown) and a process [need / other maintenance / to be managed] is also possible for it. Moreover, it is possible for there to be no need of being exclusively for the section different from the maintenance evaluation system B33, J.

B35. And procedure about the reception of the charge of maintenance from the machine user 12 (1080) The costs management server 37 is a server linked to the maintenance evaluation server charge of maintenance which the maintenance evaluation server B35 set up is answered, and is performed, and also the information (charge payment directions of maintenance) about the

procedure about the charge of maintenance is performed based on the contents of a contract held at the information and the cost-information database 38.

[008] The cost-information database 38 is connected with the costs management server 37. And the information about the charge of maintenance set up to said machine user's 12 machine 3, the information about the charge procedure of maintenance, and the information about a runner continuation of the various costs set up based on the maintenance contract are held. According to a demand of the costs management server 37, drawing is possible for those information always.

[0082] A communication line 129 is a communication line which connects a manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12. They are a public line, the Internet circuit, or a dedicated line. Moreover, it is also possible to carry out by the communication link by wireless. It uses for the communication link by wireless. It uses for the communication system 833 and the facility operations system 3.

[0083] Next, the machine user 12 as a machine user station is explained. The facility operations system 3 possesses the maintenance server 8 a machine 9, and the maintenance database 10. And it has managed about maintenance of a machine 9. It connects with a machine 9 and the maintenance database 10, and the maintenance server 8 performs management about maintenance of a machine 9 while connecting with the maintenance evaluation server B35 of the maintenance evaluation system B33. With it, the data about the maintenance situation of a machine 9 etc. are acquired from the exterior of a machine 9 or the facility operations system 3, and it stores in the maintenance database 10, and periodical in data concerning an employment situation according to a demand of a manufacturer's 28 maintenance evaluation server B35 -- or it transmits suitably.

[0084] A machine 9 is the machine body and peripheral device which connect with the maintenance server 8 and are employed by the machine users 12, such as a gas turbine, and a boiler, a generator, and which are working in fact. In this example, it is a gas turbine.
[0085] The maintenance database 10 is connected to the maintenance server 8, and the maintenance server 8 holds the data about the employment situation of the machine 9 acquired from the exterior of a machine 9 or the facility operations system 3 inside.

[0086] The accounting server 14 is an accounting–related server which the machine user 12 has and is connected with the financial agency station 13 through the communication line K31. The charge of maintenance to a manufacturer 28 pays, and procedure relevant to it etc. is performed. It is managed by the section [handling / the section / costs, such as accounting or an accounting section.] Moreover, it has connected with a manufacturer's 28 costs managerial system 34 by the communication line L32.

[0087] A communication line J30 is a communication line which connects the financial agency station 13 to a manufacturer 28. They are a public line, the Internet circuit, or a dedicated line. Moreover, it is also possible to carry out by the communication link by wireless. It uses for the communication link for the electronic commerce of a manufacturer 28 and the financial agency station 13.

[0088] A communication line K31 is a communication line which connects the financial agency station 13 to the machine user 12. They are a public line, the Internet circuit, or a dedicated line. Moreover, it is also possible to carry out by the communication link by wireless. It uses for the communication link for the electronic commerce of the machine user 12 and the financial agency etation 13

(0089) A communication line L32 is a communication line which connects a manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12. They are the Internet circuit or a dedicated line. Moreover, it is also possible to carry out by the communication link by wireless. It uses for the communication link for the communication link of the maintenance—related information of a manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12, electronic commerce, etc.

[0090] the financial agency station 13 comes out of a bank, various finance business shrines, etc. which have business connections with a manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12. It can have a server (not shown) and the account for dealings of a manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12 can be opened. And when delivering and receiving various costs, such as electronic commerce.

change processing, etc. in which the manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12 used the communication line, the financial agency station 13 performs processing which mediates dealings.

maintenance which is this invention is explained to a detail using drawing 1, drawing 2, drawing 4 - drawing 5. With reference to drawing 1 and drawing 5, drawing 5 shows the process flow of the the contract about information acquisition of the maintenance situation in the facility operations [0091] Actuation of the gestalt of operation of the first of the charge setting system of machine charge (and premium) decision of maintenance among actuation of the charge setting system of with a manufacturer's 28 maintenance evaluation system B33 by the communication line 129 by law is also included. Moreover, the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3 is connected count of maintenance and the maintenance horizon which are set up beforehand) of the charge premium) count process of maintenance A**-**), and the operating ratio of Machine A and the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention. the inside of it -- RBM of the of maintenance, the charge count approach of maintenance (the above-mentioned charge (and charge of maintenance, -- the contract about the maintenance planned decision which applied system 3 in a maintenance contract. And the maintenance evaluation system B33 can acquire manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12 are performing the maintenance contract about the machines 9, such as relation (equivalent to drawing 2) between the setting period (the charge machine maintenance which is this invention. First, in the phase before initiation (S101), the now the data of the facility operations system 3 through a communication line 129 by the

situation from the facility operations system 3 after the beginning of mission of a machine 9 (gas constitute a gas turbine is grasped periodically, and the loss incidence rate which is a probability be two years) period set up beforehand (drawing 5, S102). The information about a maintenance situation, a corrosion situation, etc. is evaluated. Next, the loss which is the amount of a loss by conditional permission C, and generates reevaluation risk information to it again. By reevaluation situation is the following information. the turnaround of a gas turbine -- RBM -- risk evaluation of the machine 9 by law is performed. That is, the damage situation of all the components that turbine) for every (in this example, it carries out to every turnaround of a gas turbine, and may (what performed information illustrated by drawing 4 with each components). And based on the maintenance situation which the maintenance evaluation server B35 receives from the facility [0092] The maintenance evaluation server B35 acquires the information about a maintenance operations system 3 is the above-mentioned risk-evaluation information, a maintenance plan. breakage of each part article is guessed, and the risk information on each components which and risk reevaluation information. The acquired information is memorized in the maintenance make a risk loss incidence-rate (breakage probability) x loss (amount of a loss) is generated for the life expectancy in a components unit and breakage to arise from a crack initiation minimizes the above-mentioned risk within the limits of a fixed maintenance cost. By the maintenance plan, that permission is possible by routine inspection next time, or in order check whether it shifts to conditional permission C, important point planned modification reevaluates a risk to that permission of the permission failure in drawing 4 is possible, or result of the risk evaluation of elegance, it all decides upon the maintenance plan which of a risk, when a problem is lost, a turnaround is completed. The information about the evaluation information database B36.

[0093] In addition, since the RBA method is performed not only at the case of routine inspection but at the time at the time of other check, the maintenance evaluation server B35 acquires the information about a maintenance situation from the facility operations system 3 if needed (the charge amendment activity of maintenance shown in this example is suitably done in that case if

[0094] Next, based on those data, the maintenance evaluation server B35 evaluates a maintenance situation (S103), evaluation — (I) — or each part article is all in the condition of a permission good, conditional permission good, important point planned modification, and permission improper throat by the risk evaluation of elegance — (II) — as a result of processing of the maintenance service to the risk evaluation (I) of elegance, a maintenance plan, etc. all

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charge E of maintenance is determined as mentioned above by the information interchange about maintenance to the account of a manufacturer's 28 financial agency station. The financial agency it is also possible to set up using the contents of the maintenance information in connection with etc. when failure occurs Number 2.T=Td+Tr of the above-mentioned charge (and premium) count matrix of the risk illustrated by drawing 4. and the information as a result of the risk reevaluation of a new gas turbine is computed. The amount of falls of failure rate lambdam is set up so that a maintenance, after [****] all performing evaluation of the risk of elegance, calculation of failure agency station 13 about sending of the charge of maintenance easily based on it. For example, a the usual maintenance which does not use law determines the amount of falls of the failure rate which becomes origin is held in the maintenance evaluation information database B36. However, maintenance evaluation information database B36, the release time Tr at the time of failure, and -- being based -- RBM -- the comparison with the failure incidence rate (general approach) by risk becomes small, and it may become large. In addition, the failure rate of a gas turbine proper [0096] next, the operating ratio forecast A which is a forecast of the operating ratio to the next which was K(ied) and computed, the failure rate lambda of a gas turbine is computed by several ratio forecast A, the charge E of maintenance of the next period is computed by the process of payment directions of maintenance to the costs management server 37 of the costs managerial the detection time amount Td (forecast) of failure. Based on lambda m which was obtained and The information is held at the maintenance evaluation information database B36. And based on of the proper of a gas turbine. Based on the amount of falls, failure rate lambdam of the proper recoverability mu -- several -- 3:mu=1/7 it is . Based on the value of the calculated operating charge of maintenance of degree batch to a manufacturer 28. As a method of payment, it pays communication line in advance, and are made to run in the electronic procedure in the financial process of maintenance ** It computes. However, time amount, Tr which detection takes from for every turnaround. Moreover, a manufacturer 28, the machine user 12, and three persons of the financial agency station 13 exchange contracts of electronic commerce of having used the [0097] Based on the maintenance contract of the machine user 12 and a manufacturer 28, the the maintenance situation between a gas turbine and the maintenance evaluation system B33. about a payment period according to contracts, such as payment for every year, and payment maintenance **. Next, it is the repair time amount T which must stop a gas turbine for repair turnaround of a gas turbine -- several [of the above-mentioned charge (and premium) count stations 13. And using a communication line K31, the machine user's 12 accounting server 14 rate lambdam of the proper of a gas turbine, etc. (S104). That is, the maintenance evaluation [0098] The costs management server 37 sends the notice of the charge payment request of takes out payment directions to the financial agency station 13, and transfers the charge of manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12 through a communication line L32 to the machine station 13 notifies a manufacturer's 22 costs management server 37 of payment information performing risk reevaluation, or the risk fell how far ****** -- it carries out based on the manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12 establish an account to both the financial agency maintenance of degree batch by the method of payment set up based on the contract of a user's 12 accounting server 14. The accounting server 14 answers the notice and pays the server B35 first acquires the use elapsed-years correction factor Ky currently held in the [0095] It continues, and the maintenance evaluation server B35 computes the charge E of system 34 (S105), and processing of the charge decision of maintenance ends him (S106). the charge E of maintenance, the maintenance evaluation server B35 outputs the charge I.lambda=Ky-lambda m of the above-mentioned charge (and premium) count process of process of maintenance **] -- it computes by 4.A-mu/(lambda+mu). however, the above-mentioned charge (and premium) count process of maintenance **, and **. difailure generating: It is the time amount which restoration of failure takes. other RBM methods, so that the charge of maintenance may be discounted.

[0099] Performing the above actuation every two years which are spacing of the turnaround of the gas turbine beforehand set up by the maintenance contract, the machine user 12 pays the charge of maintenance to a manufacturer 28. It continues in the maintenance time based on a through a communication line J30.

maintenance contract, and payment of this charge of maintenance is performed. However, changing about a period by a contract etc. is possible.

machine 9 may improve, and the charge of maintenance may also discount it, and it has the cost reduction of the machine user 12 of the charge expenditure of maintenance, generating of failure merit that reduction of the charge expenditure of maintenance is possible. In addition, since it strives to use a machine 9 as the assumption at the time of a design of the manufacturer for of a machine 9 becomes very low. In connection with it, a manufacturer 28 becomes possible machine user 12 carries out decision of the risk evaluation based on the RBM method, and a [reducing the probability of occurrence / maintenance cost / of payment sharply], and can maintenance plan etc. about the machines 9, such as a gas turbine, the operating ratio of a [0100] By actuation of the above this invention, a setup of the charge of maintenance with profits is attained for a manufacturer 28 and machine user 12 both sides. That is, when the carry out a maintenance enterprise more healthfully.

[0101] In this example, the charge E of maintenance was discounting and computing the charge EC of maintenance according to the maintenance situation. However, it is also possible to hold corresponding to a maintenance situation or the charge E of maintenance of drawing 2 in the the data shown in beforehand in the graph of the table of the charge E of maintenance maintenance based on these tables or data, and the operating ratio forecast A and a maintenance evaluation information database B36, and to determine the charge E of maintenance situation.

established the account to the financial agency station 13. However, even if it does not establish an account to the financial agency station 13, it is also possible to use electronic commerce. such as the usual Internet banking, and to perform remittance procedure by financial agency (0102) In this example, the both sides of a manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12 have station 13 course.

maintenance which the costs management server 37 is performing according to the situation in a B36= cost-information database 38. In that case, the costs management server 37 and the cost-[0104] Moreover, a manufacturer 28 is able to perform the role of the financial agency station 13 maintenance evaluation, the firm will turn into the firm 21 specializing in management in drawing evaluation system B33, and is connected with cost reduction. In that case, it is also possible to shown in drawing 10, it is also possible to entrust the firm 39 specializing in management which about the charge of maintenance. This is because it assumes that the section which takes the manufacturer 28 keeps the machine user's 12 fund and performs investment management, the machine 9 by the maintenance evaluation system B33 belongs to the manufacturer 28, as it is is a firm which performs maintenance evaluation of another device facility. For example, if the in this example. What is necessary is just to make it the costs managerial system 34 have the charge payment count of maintenance about the maintenance situation of a machine 9 to the necessary procedure for the charge relation of maintenance in a manufacturer 28 is different from the section which manages the maintenance evaluation system B33. However, it is good management server 37 in this example, and the maintenance evaluation information database firm 39 specializing in management, a manufacturer 28 loses need of owning the maintenance communication line L32 without making the financial agency office 13 intervene. And while a charge of maintenance is pulled out if needed. In this case, payment of the commission to a make it to set, to make only the information gathering about the maintenance situation of a [0103] Moreover, in this example, the costs management server 37 is performing procedure 10. That is, by entrusting the business in connection with the information gathering and the also as the maintenance evaluation server B35 carrying out procedure about the charge of function of the financial agency station 13 in that case. Drawing 9 showed it, and the costs financial agency station etc. does not occur, but it is connected with both cost reductions. information database 38 can be lost, and there is a merit of the cost by saving of a server. [0105] Furthermore, in the condition of drawing 9, although maintenance evaluation of the maintenance special firm which is a manufacturer's 28 associated company is performing manufacturer 28. That is, it considers as the maintenance evaluation server B35= costs management server 37 and the accounting server 14 are made to link directly by the

machine 9 perform in the maintenance evaluation system B33, and make the business in connection with the charge payment count of maintenance based on the information perform to a manufacturer's 28 costs managerial system 34.

manufacturer 28, as shown in drawing 11, it may belong to the financial agency office 13. That is, by entrusting the business in connection with the charge payment of maintenance, a manufacturer 28 loses need of owning the costs managerial system 34 to the financial agency station 13, and is connected with it at cost reduction. In that case, by the manufacturer 28, the maintenance evaluation system B33 acquires the maintenance information about the maintenance situation of the device facility 9, and the charge of maintenance is determined by the approach in the above-mentioned example from the maintenance situation and maintenance contract. And the charge payment directions of maintenance are outputted to the costs managerial system 34 of the financial agency station 13 outputs the charge of maintenance to the accounting server 14 based on the charge payment directions of maintenance. The accounting server 14 sends the charge of maintenance to the accounting server 14 sends the charge of maintenance in 13 by technique, such as an account transfer and electronic commerce.

Station 15 by technique, social and account grant process. It is usually like the value of anothine 3, the busy condition of magnitude a value beforehand set up in principle by the class of machine 3, the busy condition of magnitude and its moon, etc., and is held in the maintenance evaluation information database B36, it is alike, and it is based and, as for those values, it is usually possible the past employment situation and to also make it change. When severe employment is performed as making it change based on an employment situation, I hear that it is made to change so that the charge of maintenance may increase the value of each multiplier from the possibility of failure going up compared with the case where continuously good employment is being performed based on the count of severe employment, and it is. By making it such, it becomes the form which suited the employment situation of a machine 9 more, and the machine user 12 becomes the more powerful incentive which keeps good employment in mind, and the value of the charge of maintenance becomes possible [enlarging more the machine user's 12 charge of maintenance, and the reduction effectiveness of a manufacturer's 28 maintenance cost 3.

Gologi Moreover, in this example, by drawing 2, the charge E of maintenance in this invention does not depend on the value of the operating ratio forecast A, but is cheaper than the charge EC of maintenance by the conventional approach. However, depending on the value of the operating ratio forecast A, it is good also as charge E=EC of maintenance, for example, the operating ratio forecast A — case it is low — (for example, 30% or less) RBM — it is because the effectiveness of maintenance is considered that were low and the operating ratio forecast A became low even if it uses law. If that is taken into consideration, the operating ratio forecast A is the highest in 100%, and the operating ratio forecast A is the minimum in 0%, and the difference of the charge EC of maintenance of the conventional approach and the charge E of maintenance in this invention has the operating ratio forecast A possible also for the way of determining called E=EC at a low value (for example, 30%).

[0109] (An example 2) explains the configuration of the first of the gestalt of operation of the machine premium setting system which is this invention with reference to drawing 20. drawing 21, drawing 3 – drawing 4. In this example, the fundamental view of a setup of the first of the charge setting system of machine maintenance and a machine premium setting system is used. Drawing 20 is a block diagram about the gestalt of operation of the first of the machine premium setting system which is this invention, and possesses the insurance company 11 as an insurance-company office, the machine user 12 as a machine user office, the financial agency office 13, a communication line A15, a communication line B16, a communication line C17, and a communication line D17. An insurance company 11 possesses the insurance management system 2 equipped with the maintenance evaluation system 1, the premium management server 6, and the maintenance evaluation information database 5. Moreover, the machine user 12 possesses the facility operations system 3 and the accounting server 14 having the maintenance server 8, a

machine 9, and the maintenance database 10.

And the premium for every (every [for example,] turnaround of a machine 9) period of a certain a machine user. Since this process is performed for every period defined beforehand, it performs determines a premium the next time which is a premium in the next period, and decides to notify [0110] Usually, on the occasion of the purchase of a machine 9, the machine user 12 concludes is determined, and the machine user 12 pays a premium for every period of the to an insurance becomes the premium setting approach of bringing the both sides of the device facility user 12 company 11, the facility operations system 3 which, on the other hand, has the machine user's evaluation result, and a turnaround etc., such as repair and exchange, future maintenance plan, RBM -- it is set up so that it is carried out based on law, and it may become cheaper than the performed appropriately, the machine user 12 can reduce expenses of a premium and capacity etc.) about the maintenance based on law is held. The maintenance evaluation system 1 of an the insurance of insurance in preparation for generating of an insurance company 11 and loss. 12 machine 9 -- RBM of a machine 9 -- the information (correspondence situations over the example,] turnaround of a machine 9) set up beforehand, and analyzes the information on the [0111] a next premium -- the maintenance situation and maintenance plan of a machine 9 -insurance company 11 acquires the above-mentioned information on the period (every [for incidence rate of a machine 9, expenses of insurance money can be reduced. Therefore, it measurement of a maintenance situation, and count of a premium again at the next period. damage at the time of damage situations, such as each part article of a machine 9, a riskmaintenance in the period. And based on the result of analysis, an insurance company 11 conventional premium, if good. Thereby, if the measure of maintenance of a machine 9 is utilization rate will also improve. Since an insurance company 11 can also fall the failure

evaluation server 4, and the information about the maintenance situation of the machine 9 which machine user 12, information required for a setup of a premium, the information about the set-up turnaround of a machine 9). The premium in the period when the degree of the facility operations the information on other machine users' facility operations system (not shown). The maintenance directions. Moreover, the received information and the information about the set-up premium are information about the maintenance situation in the facility operations system 3 is analyzed about saved in the maintenance evaluation information database 5. In addition, the information about a system 3 was beforehand set up with it based on the result is set up. The information about the exclusively for the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3, and to deal with it also about the maintenance evaluation server 4 acquired, the information about the maintenance plan sent company 11 as an insurance-company station is explained. The maintenance evaluation system maintenance situation can also be acquired by requiring of the maintenance server 8 if needed. reception and those information to every [which was set up beforehand] period (for example, [0112] Next, the configuration of each part is explained below at a detail. First, the insurance possible for the maintenance evaluation server 4 through a communication line A15. And the to an insurance company based on the insurance between an insurance company 11 and the [0113] The maintenance evaluation information database 5 is connected to the maintenance server 8 of the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3 and a communication link are information database 5. It is possible for there to be no need that these are not necessarily premium, etc. are held. And according to a demand of the maintenance evaluation server 4. set-up premium is outputted to the insurance management system 2 as premium payment is equipped with the maintenance evaluation server 4 and the maintenance evaluation drawing is possible for those information always. and an insurance company 11 profits.

10114] The insurance management system 2 possesses the premium management server 6 and the insurance information database 7. There is no need that these are not necessarily exclusively for the maintenance evaluation system 1, and the combination with a process [need / other maintenance evaluation systems (not shown) and other insurance / to be managed] is also possible for it. Moreover, it is possible for there to be no need of being exclusively for the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3, and to deal with it also about the insurance management of other machine users' machine (not shown). Moreover, the

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insurance management system 2 is managed by the section (handling / the section / costs. such as accounting or an accounting section with the another maintenance evaluation system

[0] 15] The premium management server 6 is a server linked to the maintenance evaluation server 4. And procedure about the reception of the premium from the machine user 12 is performed, and also the information (premium payment directions) about the premium which the maintenance evaluation server 4 set up is answered, and procedure about a premium is performed based on the contents of a contract held at the information and the insurance information database 7.

[0116] The insurance information database 7 is connected with the premium management server 6. And the information about the premium set up to said machine user's 12 machine 3, the information about premium procedure, and the information about a runner continuation of the various costs set up based on insurance are held. According to a demand of the premium management server 6, drawing is possible for those information always.

[0117] A communication line A15 is a communication line which connects an insurance company 11 and the machine user 12. They are a public line, the Internet circuit, or a dedicated line. Moreover, it is also possible to carry out by the communication link by wireless. It uses, in order that the maintenance evaluation system 1 may communicate the information about maintenance from the facility operations system 3.

(9018) Next, the machine user 12 as a machine user station is explained. The facility operations system 3 possesses the maintenance server 8, a machine 9, and the maintenance database 10. And it has managed about maintenance of a machine 9 It connects with a machine 9 and the maintenance database 10, and the maintenance server 8 performs management about maintenance of a machine 9 while connecting with the maintenance evaluation server 4 of the maintenance evaluation system 1. With it, the data about the maintenance situation of a machine 9 etc. are acquired from the exterior of a machine 9 or the facility operations system 3, and it stores in the maintenance database 10. and periodical in data concerning an employment situation according to a demand of the maintenance evaluation server 4 of an insurance company 11 — or it transmits suitably.

[0119] A machine 9 is the machine body and peripheral device which connect with the maintenance server 8 and are employed by the machine users 12, such as a gas turbine, and a boiler, a generator, and which are working in fact. In this example, it is a gas turbine. [0120] The maintenance database 10 is connected to the maintenance server 8, and the maintenance server 8 holds the data about the employment situation of the machine 9 acquired from the exterior of a machine 9 or the facility operations system 3 inside.

[0121] The accounting server 14 is an accounting-related server which the machine user 12 has and is connected with the financial agency station 13 through the communication line C17. The premium to an insurance company 11 pays, and procedure relevant to it etc. is performed. It is managed by the section [handling / the section / costs, such as accounting or an accounting managed by the section [handling / the section / costs.

[0122] A communication line B16 is a communication line which connects the financial agency station 13 to an insurance company 11. They are a public line, the Internet circuit, or a dedicated line. Moreover, it is also possible to carry out by the communication link by wireless. It uses for the communication link for the electronic commerce of an insurance company 11 and the financial agency station 13.

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[0123] A communication line C17 is a communication line which connects the financial agency station 13 to the machine user 12. They are a public line, the Internet circuit, or a dedicated line. Moreover, it is also possible to carry out by the communication link by wireless. It uses for the communication link for the electronic commerce of the machine user 12 and the financial agency

[0124] A communication line D18 is a communication line which connects an insurance company 11 and the machine user 12. They are the Internet circuit or a dedicated line. Moreover, it is also possible to carry out by the communication link by wireless. It uses for the communication link for the communication link of the insurance—related information of an insurance company 11 and

the machine user 12, electronic commerce, etc.

[0125] the financial agency station 13 comes out of a bank, various finance business shrines, etc. which have business connections with an insurance company 11 and the machine user 12. It can have a server (not shown) and the account for dealings of an insurance company 11 and the machine user 12 can be opened. And when delivering and receiving various costs, such as electronic commerce, change processing, etc. in which the insurance company 11 and the machine user 12 used the communication line, the financial agency station 13 performs processing which mediates dealings.

decision among actuation of the machine premium setting system which is this invention. First, in performing insurance about the machine premium setting system of this invention. the inside of it of maintenance -- and) count process A**-**), and Machine A, and a premium, -- the contract beforehand) of a premium, the premium count approach (the above-mentioned premium (charge which is this invention is explained to a detail using drawing 20, drawing 21, drawing 4 - drawing [0126] Actuation of the gestalt of operation of the first of the machine premium setting system -- RBM of the machines 9, such as relation (equivalent to drawing 21) between the operating machine user's 12 facility operations system 3 is connected with the maintenance evaluation insurance. And the maintenance evaluation system 1 can acquire now the data of the facility 5. With reference to drawing 20 and drawing 5, drawing 5 shows the process flow of premium system 1 of an insurance company 11 by the communication line A15 by the contract about the phase before initiation (S101), the insurance company 11 and the machine user 12 are ratio of the setting period (the premium count and the insurance horizon which are set up about the maintenance planned decision which applied law is also included. Moreover, the information acquisition of the maintenance situation in the facility operations system 3 in operations system 3 through a communication line A15 by the demand.

situation from the facility operations system 3 after the beginning of mission of a machine 9 (gas constitute a gas turbine is grasped periodically, and the loss incidence rate which is a probability conditional permission C, and generates reevaluation risk information to it again. By reevaluation situation, a corrosion situation, etc. is evaluated. Next, the loss which is the amount of a loss by be two years) period set up beforehand (drawing 5, S102). The information about a maintenance situation is the following information. the turnaround of a gas turbine -- RBM -- risk evaluation turbine) for every (in this example, it carries out to every turnaround of a gas turbine, and may (what performed information illustrated by drawing 4 with each components). And based on the of the machine 9 by law is performed. That is, the damage situation of all the components that breakage of each part article is guessed, and the risk information on each components which operations system 3 is the above-mentioned risk-evaluation information, a maintenance plan, and risk reevaluation information. The acquired information is memorized in the maintenance make a risk loss incidence-rate (breakage probability) x loss (amount of a loss) is generated maintenance plan, that permission is possible by routine inspection next time, or in order to [0127] The maintenance evaluation server 4 acquires the information about a maintenance maintenance situation which the maintenance evaluation server 4 receives from the facility for the life expectancy in a components unit and breakage to arise from a crack initiation minimizes the above-mentioned risk within the limits of a fixed maintenance cost. By the check whether it shifts to conditional permission C, important point planned modification reevaluates a risk to that permission of the permission failure in drawing 4 is possible. or result of the risk evaluation of elegance, it all decides upon the maintenance plan which of a risk, when a problem is lost, a turnaround is completed. The information about the evaluation information database 5.

but at the time at the time of other check, the maintenance evaluation server 4 acquires the but at the time at the time of other check, the maintenance evaluation server 4 acquires the information about a maintenance situation from the facility operations system 3 if needed (the premium amendment activity shown in this example is suitably done in that case if needed). [0129] Next, based on those data, the maintenance evaluation server 4 evaluates a maintenance situation (S103). evaluation — (1) — or each part article is all in the condition of a permission good, important point planned modification, and permission improper

new gas turbine is computed. The amount of falls of failure rate lambdam is set up so that a risk which becomes origin is held in the maintenance evaluation information database 5. However, it throat by the risk evaluation of elegance -- (II) -- as a result of processing of the maintenance is also possible to set up using the contents of the maintenance information in connection with illustrated by drawing 4, and the information as a result of the risk reevaluation -- being based proper of a gas turbine. Based on the amount of falls, failure rate lambdam of the proper of a maintenance which does not use law determines the amount of falls of the failure rate of the becomes small, and it may become large. In addition, the failure rate of a gas turbine proper reevaluation, or the risk fell how far ****** -- it carries out by matrix ** basing the risk - RBM -- the comparison with the failure incidence rate (general approach) by the usual service to the risk evaluation (1) of elegance, a maintenance plan, etc. all performing risk other RBM methods, so that insurance may be discounted.

-- several 2 of the above-mentioned premium (charge of maintenance -- and) count process ** time amount Td (forecast) of failure. obtained lambdam which was K(ied) and computed -- being next, the repair time amount T which must stop a gas turbine for repair etc. when failure occurs Premium C, after [****] all performing evaluation of the risk of elegance, calculation of failure rate lambdam of the proper of a gas turbine, etc. That is, the maintenance evaluation server 4 evaluation information database 5, the release time Tr at the time of failure, and the detection maintenance -- and) count process ** The failure rate lambda of a gas turbine is computed. [0130] It continues, and the maintenance evaluation server 4 performs calculation (S104) of first acquires the use elapsed-years correction factor Ky currently held in the maintenance -- :T=Td+Tr It computes. However, time amount, Tr which detection takes from Td:failure based -- several 1:lambda=Ky-lambdam of the above-mentioned premium (charge of generating: It is the time amount which restoration of failure takes.

[0131] next, the operating ratio forecast A which is a forecast of the operating ratio to the next maintenance -- and) count process **] -- it computes by 4:A=mu/(lambda+mu). however, the by the process of above-mentioned premium (charge of maintenance --- and) count process **, recoverability mu -- several -- 3:mu=1/T it is . the premium C of the next period is computed turnaround of a gas turbine -- several [of the above-mentioned premium (charge of and ** based on the value of the calculated operating ratio forecast A.

[0132] Based on the insurance of the machine user 12 and an insurance company 11, Premium C management server 6 of the insurance management system 2 (S105), and processing of premium situation between a gas turbine and the maintenance evaluation system 1. The information is held at the maintenance evaluation information database 5. And based on the premium C, the is determined as mentioned above by the information interchange about the maintenance maintenance evaluation server 4 outputs premium payment directions to the premium decision ends him (S106).

payment directions to the financial agency station 13, and transfers a premium to the account of the financial agency station of an insurance company 11. The financial agency station 13 notifies company 11 and the machine user 12 establish an account to both the financial agency stations degree batch by the method of payment set up based on the contract of an insurance company turnaround. Moreover, an insurance company 11, the machine user 12, and three persons of the the premium management server 6 of an insurance company 11 of payment information through communication line in advance, and are made to run in the electronic procedure in the financial 13. And using a communication line C17, the machine user's 12 accounting server 14 takes out [0133] The premium management server 6 sends the notice of a premium payment request of accounting server 14. The accounting server 14 answers the notice and pays the premium of degree batch to an insurance company 11. As a method of payment, it pays about a payment agency station 13 about sending of a premium easily based on it. For example, an insurance financial agency station 13 exchange contracts of electronic commerce of having used the 11 and the machine user 12 through a communication line D18 to the machine user's 12 period according to contracts, such as payment for every year, and payment for every a communication line B16.

[0134] Performing the above actuation every two years which are spacing of the turnaround of

improve, and a premium may also discount it, and it has the cost merit that reduction of premium [0135] By actuation of the above this invention, a setup of a premium with profits is attained for expenditure is possible. In addition, since it strives to use a machine 9 as the assumption at the insurance company. It continues within the term of insurance based on insurance, and payment time of a design of the manufacturer for reduction of premium expenditure of the machine user company 11 becomes possible [reducing the probability of occurrence / insurance money / of an insurance company 11 and machine user 12 both sides. That is, when the machine user 12 carries out decision of the risk evaluation based on the RBM method, and a maintenance plan of this premium is performed. However, changing about a period by a contract etc. is possible. 12, generating of failure of a machine 9 becomes very low. In connection with it, an insurance the gas turbine beforehand set up by insurance, the machine user 12 pays a premium to an etc. about the machines 9, such as a gas turbine, the operating ratio of a machine 9 may payment sharply], and can carry out an insurance enterprise more healthfully.

[0136] In this example, Premium C was discounting and computing Premium CC according to the graph of the table of the premium C corresponding to a maintenance situation or the premium C C based on these tables or data, and the operating ratio forecast A and a maintenance situation. of drawing 21 in the maintenance evaluation information database 5, and to determine Premium maintenance situation. However, it is also possible to hold the data shown in beforehand in the

(0137) In this example, the both sides of an insurance company 11 and the machine user 12 have established the account to the financial agency station 13. However, even if it does not establish an account to the financial agency station 13, it is also possible to use electronic commerce, such as the usual Internet banking, and to perform remittance procedure by financial agency

management server 6 is performing according to the situation in an insurance company 11. That maintenance evaluation server 4 carrying out procedure about the premium which the premium is, it considers as the maintenance evaluation server 4= premium management server 6 in this [0138] Moreover, in this example, the premium management server 6 is performing procedure procedure for the premium relation in an insurance company 11 is different from the section database 7. In that case, the premium management server 6 and the insurance information about a premium. This is because it assumes that the section which takes the necessary example, and the maintenance evaluation information database 5= insurance information which manages the maintenance evaluation system 1. However, it is good also as the database 7 can be lost, and there is a merit of the cost by saving of a server.

the communication line E19 without making the financial agency office 13 intervene. And while an system 2 have the function of the financial agency station 13 in that case. Drawing 22 showed it, and the premium management server 6 and the accounting server 14 are made to link directly by insurance company 11 keeps the machine user's 12 fund and performs investment management. a premium is pulled out if needed. In this case, payment of the commission to a financial agency [0139] Moreover, an insurance company 11 is able to perform the role of the financial agency station 13 in this example. What is necessary is just to make it the insurance management station etc. does not occur, but it is connected with both cost reductions.

which performs maintenance evaluation of a manufacturer will serve as the firm 21 specializing in machine 9 by the maintenance evaluation system 1 belongs to the insurance company 11, as it is company 11, and the machine user 12 etc. That is, by entrusting the business in connection with shown in drawing 23, it is also possible to entrust the firm 21 specializing in management which management in drawing 23 by the contract between 3 persons of a manufacturer, an insurance maintenance evaluation system 1, and is connected with cost reduction. In that case, it is also is a firm which performs maintenance evaluation of another device facility. For example, if the [0140] Furthermore, in the condition of drawing 22, although maintenance evaluation of the manufacturer (not shown) of a machine 9 is performing maintenance evaluation, the section the information gathering and premium payment count about a maintenance situation of a possible to make it to set, to make only the information gathering about the maintenance machine 9 to a manufacturer, an insurance company 11 loses its need of owning the

situation of a machine 9 perform in the maintenance evaluation system 1, and make the business in connection with the premium payment count based on the information perform to the insurance management system 2 of an insurance company 11.

payment directions are outputted to the insurance management system 2 of the financial agency server 14 sends a premium to the machine user 12 (or the account) through the financial agency the maintenance situation of the device facility 9, and a premium is determined by the approach company 11, the maintenance evaluation system 1 acquires the maintenance information about the insurance company 11, as shown in drawing 24, it may belong to the financial agency office station 13. The insurance management system 2 of the financial agency station 13 transmits a [0141] Furthermore, in this example, although the insurance management system 2 belongs to in the above-mentioned example from the maintenance situation and insurance. And premium premium to the accounting server 14 based on premium payment directions. The accounting agency station 13, and is connected with it at cost reduction. In that case, in an insurance company 11 loses its need of owning the insurance management system 2 to the financial 13. That is, by entrusting the business in connection with premium payment, an insurance station 13 by technique, such as an account transfer and electronic commerce.

a value beforehand set up in principle by the class of machine 3, the busy condition of magnitude [0142] Moreover, in this example, the value of each multiplier (lambdam, Tr, Kg) currently used is employment situation. I hear that it is made to change so that a premium may increase the value to also make it change. When severe employment is performed as making it change based on an and it is based and, as for those values, it is usually possible the past employment situation and and its moon, etc., and is held in the maintenance evaluation information database 5. it is alike, continuously good employment is being performed based on the count of severe employment. machine 9 more, and the machine user 12 becomes the more powerful incentive which keeps good employment in mind, and the value of a premium becomes possible [enlarging more the and it is. By making it such, it becomes the form which suited the employment situation of a machine user's 12 premium, and the reduction effectiveness of the insurance money of an of each multiplier from the possibility of failure going up compared with the case where insurance company 11].

approach and the premium C in this invention has the operating ratio forecast A possible also for the conventional approach. However, depending on the value of the operating ratio forecast A, it that were low and the operating ratio forecast A became low even if it uses law. If that is taken (for example, 30% or less) RBM -- it is because the effectiveness of maintenance is considered into consideration, the operating ratio forecast A is the highest in 100%, and the operating ratio depend on the value of the operating ratio forecast A, but is cheaper than the premium CC by is good also as premium C=CC. for example, the operating ratio forecast A $^{--}$ case it is low $^{--}$ forecast A is the minimum in 0%, and the difference of the premium CC of the conventional [0143] Moreover, in this example. by drawing 21, the premium C in this invention does not the way of determining called C=CC at a low value (for example, 30%).

system of machine maintenance and the charge setting system of machine maintenance is used. diagram about the gestalt of operation of the second of the charge setting system of machine drawing. In this example, the fundamental view of a setup of the second of the charge setting [0145] First, the configuration of the second of the gestalt of operation of the charge setting machine maintenance which is this invention is explained with reference to an accompanying maintenance which is this invention, and possesses the manufacturer 28 as a manufacturer (0144) (Example 3) The gestalt of operation of the second of the charge setting system of system of machine maintenance which is this invention is explained. Drawing 12 is a block office, the machine user 12 as a machine user office, the financial agency office 13, a communication line 129, a communication line J30, a communication line K31, and a communication line L32.

[0146] The manufacturer 28 as a manufacturer station possesses the remote monitoring system maintenance evaluation server B35 as a maintenance evaluation server, and the maintenance 25 equipped with the remote monitor server 22 and the device information database 23, the maintenance evaluation system B33 as a maintenance evaluation system equipped with the

contract on the occasion of use of a machine 9, the employment information on a machine 9 and charge of maintenance for every period of a certain is determined, and the machine user 12 pays situation of a machine and the information relevant to maintenance, analysis, etc. are performed. maintenance in connection with a machine, acquisition of the information about the employment [0147] Usually, on the occasion of the purchase of a machine 9, the machine user 12 concludes system 3 equipped with the maintenance server 8, a machine 9, and the maintenance database the maintenance contract about maintenance of a manufacturer 28 and a machine 9. And the evaluation information database B36 as a maintenance evaluation information database, the Moreover, the machine user 12 as a machine user station possesses the facility operations costs managerial system 34 equipped with the costs management server 37 and the cost^+ information database 38, and the communication link interface B42. While dealing with the 10, and the accounting server 14. While concluding a manufacturer 28 and a maintenance the information about the maintenance are suitably transmitted to a manufacturer 28. the charge of maintenance for every period of the to a manufacturer 28.

based on the information about the above-mentioned employment situation of the period set up remote monitoring system 25 analyzes the employment situation of the machine 9 in the period beforehand. And based on the result of analysis, a manufacturer 28 determines the correction such as an output, a count of start and stop, and output rate of change. A manufacturer's 28 [0148] The machine user's 12 machine 9 holds the information about employment situations, factor in connection with amendment of the charge of maintenance, and outputs to a maintenance evaluation system with a part of employment information.

aforementioned maintenance, and determines the next charge of maintenance about a machine $\boldsymbol{9}$ [0149] On the other hand, the machine user's 12 maintenance database 10 holds the information based on the analysis result, the above-mentioned correction factor, and a part of employment manufacturer's 28 maintenance evaluation system B33 analyzes the information about the information. And it outputs to the costs management server 37 as maintenance payment about the maintenance based on the risk base maintenance method of a machine 9. A directions next time.

information. Since this process is performed for every period set up beforehand, it performs [0150] The costs management server 37 decides to notify the machine user 12 of the measurement of an employment situation, and count again at the next period.

machine 9 is the good employment which observed rated value and a design upper limit. Thereby, if the machine user 12 employs a machine proper and does not perform severe employment, he [0151] The next charge of maintenance will introduce the approach of setting up so that it may be reduced as compared with the case where that is not right, if the employment situation of a can reduce expenses of the charge of maintenance and capacity utilization rate also improves. Since a manufacturer 28 can also fall the failure incidence rate of a machine, expenses of a maintenance cost can be reduced.

also doubled and introduced, as the machine user 12 side -- RBM -- reducing the risk of loss by Moreover, as a manufacturer 28, the risk of generating of the maintenance-cost payment by the improvement in the operating ratio of a machine but to reduction of the charge of maintenance. the machine efficiently by performing maintenance by law, and reducing loss leads not only to [0152] Furthermore, the view of the RBM method which is an example 1 and was explained is failure of a machine set as the object of maintenance can be reduced.

further to the both sides of the device facility user 12 and a manufacturer 28 becomes possible. system of machine maintenance which combined two approaches above, and the charge setting system of machine maintenance, the charge setting approach of maintenance of bringing profits [0154] Next, the configuration of each part is explained with reference to drawing 12 below at a detail. First, the manufacturer 28 as a manufacturer station is explained. The remote monitoring machine user's 12 facility operations system 3, and to deal with it also about the information on system 25 is equipped with the remote monitor server 22 and the device information database [0153] By installation of the fundamental view of a setup of the second of the charge setting 23. It is possible for there to be no need that these are not necessarily exclusively for the other machine users' facility operations system (not shown).

which acquires the employment information set up beforehand] period (for example, henceforth result. A part of information about the determined correction factor and employment information an "employment information acquisition period" for one month). With it, the correction factor in database 23. In addition, the information about an employment situation can also be acquired by and the information about the determined correction factor are saved in the device information the next employment information acquisition period of a machine 9 is determined based on the are outputted to the maintenance evaluation system B33. Moreover, the received information communication link are possible for the remote monitor server 22 through the communication ink interface B42 and a communication line 129. And the information about the employment situation of a machine 9 is analyzed about reception and its employment situation to every (0155) The machine 9 of the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3 and a requiring of a machine 9 if needed.

according to a demand of the remote monitor server 22, drawing is possible for those information beforehand set up based on the maintenance contract, information required for the decision of a [0156] The device information database 23 is connected to the remote monitor server 22, and the information about the employment situation of the machine 9 which the remote monitor correction factor, the information about the set-up correction factor, etc. are held. And server 22 acquired, the information about the employment conditions of the machine 9

[0157] The maintenance evaluation system B33 as a maintenance evaluation system is equipped database B36. It is possible for there to be no need that these are not necessarily exclusively with the maintenance evaluation server B35 and the maintenance evaluation information for the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3, and to deal with it also about the information on other machine users' facility operations system (not shown).

information about the set-up charge of maintenance is outputted to the costs managerial system the correction factor, and the analysis result of the above-mentioned maintenance situation. The information database B36. In addition, the information about a maintenance situation can also be 9, is outputted from the remote monitor server 22. The charge of maintenance of the machine 9 beforehand] period (for example, it is called a "maintenance information acquisition period" for information, such as a correction factor computed from the employment situation of a machine in the appropriate period of the facility operations system 3 is set up from information, such as communication link interface B42 and a communication line 129. And the information about the two years and the following at intervals of the turnaround of a machine 9). On the other hand. 34 as charge payment directions of maintenance. Moreover, the received information and the information about the set-up charge of maintenance are saved in the maintenance evaluation [0158] The maintenance server 8 of the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3 and a maintenance situation in the facility operations system 3 is analyzed about reception and its communication link are possible for the maintenance evaluation server B35 through the maintenance situation to every [which acquires the maintenance information set up acquired by requiring of the maintenance server 8 if needed.

connected to the maintenance evaluation server B35, and the information about discount of the information about the maintenance situation of the machine 9 which the maintenance evaluation server B35 acquired, the information about the maintenance plan sent to a manufacturer based on the maintenance contract between a manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12, information required for a setup of the charge of maintenance, the set-up charge of maintenance, or the charge of maintenance etc. holds. And according to a demand of the maintenance evaluation (0159) The maintenance evaluation system B36 as a maintenance evaluation system is server B35, drawing is possible for those information always.

cost-information database 38. There is no need that these are not necessarily exclusively for [0160] The costs managerial system 34 possesses the costs management server 37 and the combination with other maintenance evaluation systems (not shown) and remote monitoring system (not shown), a process [need / other maintenance / to be managed], etc. is also possible for it. Moreover, it is possible for there to be no need of being exclusively for the the remote monitoring system 25 or the maintenance evaluation system B33, and the

control of other machine users' machine (not shown). Moreover, the costs managerial system 34 is managed by the section [handling / the section / costs, such as accounting or an accounting section different from the remote monitoring system 25 or the maintenance evaluation system machine user's 12 facility operations system 3, and to deal with it also about the maintenance

B35. And procedure about the reception of the charge of maintenance from the machine user 12 [0161] The costs management server 37 is a server linked to the maintenance evaluation server procedure about the charge of maintenance is performed based on the contents of a contract charge of maintenance which the maintenance evaluation server B35 set up is answered, and is performed, and also the information (charge payment directions of maintenance) about the held at the information and the cost-information database 38.

And the information about the charge of maintenance set up to said machine user's 12 machine [0162] The cost-information database 38 is connected with the costs management server 37. runner continuation of the various costs set up based on the maintenance contract are held. 9, the information about the charge procedure of maintenance, and the information about a According to a demand of the costs management server 37, drawing is possible for those information always.

remote monitoring system 25 and the maintenance evaluation system B33 may communicate the the machine user 12. They are a public line, the Internet circuit, or a dedicated line. Moreover, it [0163] A communication line 129 is a communication line which connects a manufacturer 28 and is also possible to carry out by the communication link by wireless. It uses, in order that the information about employment, and the information about maintenance from the facility operations system 3.

[0164] The communication link interface B42 is an interface for a communication link which they machine 9 or the facility operations system 3, and it stores in the maintenance database 10. and (0165] Next, the machine user 12 as a machine user station is explained. The facility operations manufacturer's 28 maintenance evaluation server B35 — or it transmits suitably. Moreover, the system 3 possesses the maintenance server 8, a machine 9, and the maintenance database 10. information about the maintenance situation of a machine 9 is acquired from the exterior of a And it manages about maintenance of a machine 9, and also the information on the operation [0166] It connects with a machine 9 and the maintenance database 10, and the maintenance server 8 performs management about maintenance of a machine 9 while connecting with the periodical in the information concerning a maintenance situation according to a demand of a situation in the machine set as the object of maintenance is held. And a remote monitor is maintenance evaluation server B35 of the maintenance evaluation system B33. With it, the use in case the remote monitoring system 25 and the maintenance evaluation system B33 support is performed in case a machine 9 transmits the information about an employment carried out by the appropriate facility relevant to the machine user 12, and the operation situation can cope with it quickly to generating of accident or abnormalities, or its omen. communicate with the facility operations system 3 through a communication line 129. situation according to a demand of a manufacturer 28.

information about the employment situation of machine 9 self is held inside, and the information is transmitted to it through the maintenance server 8 according to a demand of a manufacturer maintenance server 8 and are employed by the machine users 12, such as a gas turbine, and a boiler, a generator, and which are working in fact. In this example, it is a gas turbine. And the [0167] A machine 9 is the machine body and peripheral device which connect with the

[0168] Since the accounting server 14, the communication line J30, the communication line K31. the communication line L32, and the financial agency station 13 are the same as that of an example 1, explanation is omitted.

– drawing 16, drawing 17, drawing 12, and drawing 19. this example –- setting –- first –- the phase of the first maintenance contract –- it is –- a manufacturer –- RBM of the machine user's machine maintenance which is this invention is explained to a detail using drawing 5, drawing 13 [0169] Actuation of the gestalt of operation of the second of the charge setting system of

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12 machine 9 (gas turbine) — a contract of amendment of the charge of maintenance by the maintenance situation and employment situation based on law is made. In addition, the charge EC of maintenance by the conventional approach is used for the charge of maintenance in the time of the beginning as a charge of criteria maintenance used as criteria. Next, if operation of a gas turbine (machine 9) is started, a manufacturer 28 will acquire the information on the employment situation of a gas turbine for every employment information acquisition period by the maintenance contract, and will analyze. Moreover, the information on a maintenance situation is acquired and analyzed for every maintenance information acquisition period. And based on those results, it asks for the charge EE of maintenance according to the above—mentioned thate (and permium) count process B of maintenance. It **** and an employment information acquisition period may be longer than a maintenance contract.

(0170] By this this invention, the machine user 12 is making an employment situation good, without carrying out severe operation, and performing maintenance plan and its implementation appropriately and efficiently, and since the charge of maintenance may give a discount sharply, he becomes possible [tying to reduction of the charge of maintenance and the improvement in an operating ratio of a gas turbine, and reinforcement]. Moreover, for a manufacturer 28, since the failure rate of a gas turbine falls sharply, it becomes possible to reduce expenditure of a maintenance cost sharply.

[0171] With reference to drawing 12, drawing 5, and drawing 17, the process flow of the charge decision of maintenance is explained among actuation of the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention. Here, a maintenance information acquisition period is set to T2, and it may be two years in this example. Moreover, an employment information acquisition period is set to T1, and it may be one month in this example.

machine maintenance of this invention. In it, the setting period of the charge of maintenance (the can acquire the above-mentioned information now from the facility operations system 3 through approach is used for the charge of maintenance in this phase (at the time of the beginning) as a the contract of acquisition of the maintenance information by the maintenance planned decision and the manufacturer 28 who applied law, acquisition of the employment information on the gas information. And the maintenance evaluation system B33 and the remote monitoring system 25 charge count approach of maintenance (above-mentioned charge (and premium) count process operations system 3, and a manufacturer's 28 maintenance evaluation system B33 and remote machine user 12 are performing the maintenance contract about the charge setting system of charge count of maintenance and the maintenance horizon which are set up beforehand). The of maintenance B(1) - (9) etc.), the relation (equivalent to drawing 19) between the operating ratio forecast A of a gas turbine, and the charge of maintenance, and RBM of a gas turbine -turbine by the manufacturer 28, etc. is also included. Moreover, the machine user's 12 facility a communication line 129 by the demand. The charge EC of maintenance by the conventional [0172] First, in the phase before initiation (S201) of drawing 17, the manufacturer 28 and the monitoring system 25 are connected by the communication line 129 by the contract about acquisition of the maintenance information in a maintenance contract, and employment charge of criteria maintenance used as criteria.

[0173] With reference to drawing 17, the remote monitor server 22 acquires the data about an employment situation from a gas turbine after the beginning of mission of a gas turbine to every employment information acquisition period T1 (this example one month) (drawing 17, S202). The data about an employment situation are the output at the time of the employment in a gas turbine, a count of start and stop, and the output rate of change per unit time amount. In the case of this example, the information for 1 month is acquired. The acquired information is memorized in the device information database 23.

forth Next, based on those data, the remote monitor server 22 determines the above—mentioned correction factor (Kp. Ks, Kr) (S203). In decision, it carries out in the process of (1) of the above-mentioned charge (and premium) count process B of maintenance, (2), and (3), respectively. In addition, the data about drawing 13 – drawing 15 are held in the device information database 23.

[0175] The remote monitor server 22 acquires failure rate lambdamc of the gas turbine proper currently held in the device information database 23. the use elapsed-years correction factor Ky, and the release time Tr at the time of failure while computing and determining a correction factor (Kp, Ks, Kr) as mentioned above (S203). Those information is outputted to the maintenance evaluation server B35. In addition, the computed information is memorized in the device information database 23.

[0176] The maintenance evaluation server B35 changes failure rate lambdamc of a gas turbine proper into lambdam based on the information about a maintenance situation (lambda m=lambda mc when [However] there is no information about maintenance). Kp. Ks. Kr. and lambda which were obtained — m and Ky — being based — several 6:lambda=a-Ky-Kp-Ks-Kr-lambdam of above-mentioned charge (and premium) count process of maintenance B (4) The failure rate lambda of a gas turbine is computed (S204).

[0177] The repair time amount T which must stop a gas turbine on the other hand for repair etc. when failure occurs is number 7.T=Td+Tr of above-mentioned charge (and premium) count process of maintenance B (5). It is computed (S205). However, time amount, Tr which detection takes from Td:failure generating. It is the time amount which restoration of failure takes. Here, by the remote monitor of the gas turbine by the device facility user 12, since it is a short time very much, Td can be disregarded to Tr.

[0178] next, the operating ratio forecast A which is a forecast of the operating ratio of next month of a gas turbine -- several 9.A=mu/(lambda+mu) of above-mentioned charge (and premium) count process of maintenance B (6) It computes (S206). however, the recoverability mu -- several -- 8:mu=1/T it is

[0179] The maintenance evaluation server B35 determines the charge E of maintenance based on an employment situation as the last. It is based on the operating ratio forecast A computed as mentioned above, and is the amount of a loss D Number 10:D=Kg (1-A) of above—mentioned charge (and premium) count process of maintenance B (7) It computes. The charge E of maintenance is computed from this value (refer to charge (and premium) count process of maintenance B (8)). In addition, the data about drawing 19 are held in the maintenance evaluation information database B36.

(this example for two years) progress, in order that there may be no information period T2 (this example for two years) progress, in order that there may be no information on a maintenance situation, the charge E of maintenance only based on the information on an operation situation is used as a charge of maintenance of a forward type (this time lambdam=lambdamc: — with no amendment). That is, the maintenance evaluation server B35 determines said charge E of maintenance as a next (next month) charge of maintenance (S207). And the process for the charge count of maintenance is completed (S208). The determined next charge of maintenance is outputted to the costs management server 37 as charge payment directions of maintenance.

[0181] On the other hand, since the information about a maintenance situation also becomes acquirable, after the first maintenance information acquisition period T2 progress computes the charge EE of maintenance. That is, based on failure rate lambdam (finishing [amendment]) of the correction factor (Kp. Ks. Kr) outputted by the remote monitor server 22 and a gas turbine proper, the use elapsed-years correction factor Ky, and the release time Tr at the time of failure, the charge EE of maintenance in which maintenance information was made to reflect is computed (refer to charge (and premium) count process of maintenance B (9)). And the maintenance evaluation server B35 determines said charge EE of maintenance as a next charge of maintenance (S207). And the process for the charge count of maintenance is completed (S208). The determined next charge of maintenance is outputted to the costs management server 37 as charge payment directions of maintenance.

[0182] Amendment of the charge of maintenance of a part based on the information on a maintenance situation is performed every maintenance information acquisition period T2 fundamentally. Namely, amendment of outage lambdam for calculating the charge EE of maintenance is performed for every T2. In order to use the same lambdam in the meantime, the charge EE of maintenance is changed using the information on an employment situation

(correction factors Kp, Ks, and Kr).

user's 12 accounting server 14. Since it is the same as that of an example 1, the process and [0183] The costs management server 37 sends the notice of the charge payment request of manufacturer 28 and the machine user 12 through a communication line L32 to the machine maintenance for next month by the method of payment set up based on the contract of a related matters in connection with this payment are omitted.

contract, and payment of this charge of maintenance is performed. However, changing about a maintenance to a manufacturer. It continues in the maintenance time based on a maintenance maintenance information acquisition period T2), the machine user 12 pays the charge of [0184] Carrying out the above actuation to every [which was beforehand set up by the maintenance contract] period (the employment information acquisition period T1 and period by a contract etc. is possible.

also possible to calculate and use a failure rate lambda as not using Kp and Kr (or Kp=Kr=1). The out -- and RBM -- there is a cost merit called the reduction of the costs in connection with [if decision and its operation profit of a suitable maintenance plan are performed, an operating ratio decrease, and] employment of a machine 9, or the charge expenditure of maintenance based on depending on [case / where the count of start and stop is others] the class of machine 9, it is employment with the machine user 12 severe about a machine 9 (gas turbine) --- not carrying change per unit time amount are used. However, if at least one kind of value of three kinds of [0186] In this example, all (Kp. Ks, Kr) of the output at the time of employment, the count of inside is used even when not using all of those values, it can carry out like this example. For law. In addition, in connection with generating of failure of a machine 9 becoming very low, a example, when it has become clear that very strong effect is leaked to a failure rate lambda may improve by failure of a machine 9 decreasing, and the charge of maintenance may also [0185] By actuation of the above this invention, a setup of the charge of maintenance with manufacturer 28 becomes possible [reducing the probability of occurrence / maintenance start and stop, and three kinds of correction factors in connection with the output rate of cost / of payment shamply], and can carry out a maintenance enterprise more healthfully. profits is attained for a manufacturer 28 and machine user 12 both sides. namely, the same is said of an output and output rate of change.

appropriately if needed according to a server's situation. In that case, there is a merit of the cost rate of change are referred to in order to measure the employment situation of a machine 9, this maintenance evaluation server B35, and the costs management server 37, are unified by two or about the charge of maintenance. This is because it assumes that the section which takes the temperature, the rate of change and an operating pressure, the rate of change, the count of a [0187] Moreover, in this example, although an output, the count of start and stop, and output necessary procedure for the charge relation of maintenance in a manufacturer 28 is different shutdown, etc. It is an important point to choose what has influence on generating of failure [0188] Moreover, in this example, the costs management server 37 is performing procedure parameters according to the class of machine 9 to grasp the failure rate of a machine 9 to evaluation system B33. However, they are able to carry out this invention according to the one. In connection with it, the device information database 23, the maintenance evaluation is because the gas turbine is made into the example. It is possible by using other suitable accuracy more. For example, if it is chemical reaction equipment, they are an operating greatly in the various parameters which show the employment situation of the machine. from the section which manages the remote monitoring system 25 and the maintenance situation in a manufacturer 28, even if three servers, the remote monitor server 22, the information database B36, and the cost-information database 38 should just also unify

[0189] Moreover, a manufacturer 28 is able to perform the role of the financial agency station 13 the accounting server 14 are made to link directly by the communication line without making the financial agency station 13 intervene. And while a manufacturer 28 keeps the machine user's 12 in this example. What is necessary is just to make it the costs managerial system 34 have the function of the financial agency station 13 in that case. The costs management server 37 and by saving of a server.

fund and performs investment management, the charge of maintenance is pulled out if needed. In this case, payment of the commission to a financial agency station etc. does not occur, but it is connected with both cost reductions.

become the firm 21 specializing in management in drawing 26 by the contract between 3 persons of a related company, a manufacturer 28, and the machine user 12 etc. That is, by entrusting the business in connection with a part of the information gathering and the charge payment count of specializing in management which is a firm which performs the remote monitor of another device [0190] Furthermore, in the condition of drawing 12, although acquisition of the information about the information gathering about the employment situation of a machine 9 perform in the remote the employment situation of the machine 9 by the remote monitoring system 25 belongs to the facility. For example, if the related company which performs maintenance related business of a management, a manufacturer 28 loses need of owning the remote monitoring system 25, and is monitoring system 25, and make the business in connection with the charge payment count of maintenance based on the information perform to a manufacturer's 28 maintenance evaluation connected with cost reduction. In that case, it is also possible to make it to set, to make only machine 9 specially is performing the remote monitor, the related company concerned will maintenance about the employment situation of a machine 9 to the firm 21 specializing in manufacturer 28, as it is shown in drawing 18, it is also possible to entrust the firm 21 system B33.

business in connection with the charge payment of maintenance, a manufacturer 28 loses need of owning the costs managerial system 34 to the financial agency station 13, and is connected [0191] Furthermore, in this example, although the costs managerial system 34 belongs to the manufacturer 28, it may belong to the financial agency office 13. That is, by entrusting the with it at cost reduction.

evaluation system B33 acquires the information about a maintenance situation, and the charge of employment information about the employment situation of the device facility 3, the maintenance financial agency station 13. Based on the charge payment directions of maintenance, the costs payment directions of maintenance are outputted to the maintenance control system of the [0192] In that case, by the manufacturer 28, the remote monitoring system 25 acquires the machine user 12 (or the account) by technique, such as an account transfer and electronic managerial system 34 of the financial agency station 13 acquires ***** expense from the employment situation, maintenance situation, and maintenance contract. And the charge maintenance is determined by the approach in the above-mentioned example from the commerce, and remits to a manufacturer 28 (or the account).

employment situation of a machine 9 more, and the machine user 12 becomes the more powerful for those values, it is possible to also make it change based on a past employment situation and condition of magnitude and its moon, etc., and is held in the device information database 5. As incentive which keeps good employment in mind, and the value of the charge of maintenance currently used is a value beforehand set up in principle by the class of machine 9, the busy [0193] Moreover, in this example, the value of each multiplier (Kp, Ks, Kr. lambdam, Tr, Kg) becomes possible [enlarging more the machine user's 12 charge of maintenance, and the a past maintenance situation. By making it such, it becomes the form which suited the reduction effectiveness of a manufacturer's 28 maintenance cost].

charge of maintenance, it is also possible to take the approach of giving a discount, based on the maintenance is referred to as giving a discount 30% 20% 10%. Thereby, profits are got by both the information about a maintenance situation. That is, suppose that the discount rate of the charge [0194] In this invention, the information about a maintenance situation is reflected in failure rate lambdam in the charge count processes A and B of maintenance. However, after calculating the of maintenance is used as information about modification of the charge of maintenance. For example, when a maintenance situation is good, according to the degree, the charge of above manufacturers and machine users.

[0195] Moreover, in explanation of each example of this invention, when an employment situation drawing 2 and drawing 19). However, when an employment situation and a maintenance situation and a maintenance situation are good, it is supposed that the charge of maintenance will fall

are not in a desirable condition, naturally possibility that it must stop having to pay a high amount of money as compared with the usual charge of maintenance is one of the contents of the charge setting system of machine maintenance a certain thing of whose is also this invention. When an employment situation and a maintenance situation are not in a desirable condition, a machine user may think that a kind of penalty is imposed. That is, if an employment situation is bad, since the correction factor (Kp, Ks, Kr) in the charge count of maintenance will exceed 1.0, the amount of a loss mounts up and the charge of maintenance also increases. Moreover, if a maintenance situation is bad, since failure rate lambdam in the charge count of maintenance will increase, the amount of a loss mounts up and the charge of maintenance also increases.

[0196] (Example 4) The gestalt of operation of the second of the machine premium setting system which is this invention is explained with reference to an accompanying drawing. In this example, the fundamental view of a setup of the second of the charge setting system of machine maintenance and a machine premium setting system is used.

[0197] First, the configuration of the second of the gestalt of operation of the machine premium setting system which is this invention is explained. Drawing 25 is a block diagram about the gestalt of operation of the second of this invention, and possesses the insurance company 11 as an insurance—company office, the machine user 12 as a machine user office, the financial agency office 13, a communication line A15, a communication line B16, a communication line C17, and a communication line D18.

monitoring system 25 equipped with the remote monitor server 22 and the device information database 23, the maintenance evaluation system 1 equipped with the remote monitor server 22 and the device information database 23, the maintenance evaluation server 4 and the maintenance evaluation information database 5, the insurance management system 2 equipped with the premium management server 6 and the insurance information database 7, and the communication link interface A24. While dealing with the insurance in connection with a machine, acquisition of the information about the employment situation of a machine user 12 as a machine user station possesses the facility operations system 3 equipped with the maintenance server 8, a machine 9, and the maintenance database 10, and the accounting server 14. While concluding an insurance company 11 and insurance on the occasion of use of a machine 9, the employment information on a machine 9 and the information about the maintenance are suitably transmitted to an insurance company 11.

[0199] Usually, on the occasion of the purchase of a machine 9, the machine user 12 concludes the insurance of the insurance about damage of an insurance company 11 and a machine 9. And the premium for every period of a certain is determined, and the machine user 12 pays a premium for every period of the to an insurance company 11.

[0200] The machine user's 12 machine 9 holds the information about employment situations, such as an output, a count of start and stop, and output rate of change. The remote monitoring system 25 of an insurance company 11 analyzes the employment situation of the machine 9 in the period based on the information about the above-mentioned employment situation of the period set up beforehand. And based on the result of analysis, an insurance company 11 determines the correction factor in connection with amendment of a premium, and outputs to a maintenance evaluation system with a part of employment information.

[0201] On the other hand, the machine user's 12 maintenance database 10 holds the information about the maintenance based on the risk base maintenance method of a machine 9. The maintenance evaluation system 1 of an insurance company 11 analyzes the information about the aforementioned maintenance, and determines the next premium about a machine 9 based on the analysis result, the above-mentioned correction factor, and a part of employment information. And it outputs to the premium management server 6 as insurance payment directions next time.

[0202] The premium management server 6 decides to notify the machine user 12 of the information. Since this process is performed for every period set up beforehand, it performs measurement of an employment situation, and count again at the next period.

insurance company 11, the risk of generating of the insurance money payment by the failure of a setting approach of bringing profits further to the both sides of the device facility user 12 and an also doubled and introduced, as the machine user 12 side -- RBM -- reducing the risk of loss by improvement in the operating ratio of a machine but to reduction of a premium. Moreover, as an expenses of a premium and capacity utilization rate also improves. Since an insurance company reduced. Furthermore, the view of the RBM method which is an example 2 and was explained is of a setup of the second of the charge setting system of machine maintenance which combined compared with the case where that is not right, if the employment situation of a machine is the machine set as the object of insurance can be reduced. By installation of the fundamental view good employment which observed rated value and a design upper limit. Thereby, if the machine the machine efficiently by performing maintenance by law, and reducing loss leads not only to (0203] A next premium will introduce the approach of setting up so that it may be reduced as 11 can also fall the failure incidence rate of a machine, expenses of insurance money can be user 12 employs a machine proper and does not perform severe employment, he can reduce two approaches above, and the charge setting system of machine maintenance. the premium insurance company 11 becomes possible.

[which acquires the employment information set up beforehand] period (for example, henceforth result. A part of information about the determined correction factor and employment information an "employment information acquisition period" for one month). With it, the correction factor in [0204] Next, the configuration of each part is explained with reference to drawing 25 below at a database 23. In addition, the information about an employment situation can also be acquired by exclusively for the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3, and to deal with it also about are outputted to the maintenance evaluation system 1. Moreover, the received information and the next employment information acquisition period of a machine 9 is determined based on the communication link are possible for the remote monitor server 22 through the communication link interface A24 and a communication line A15. And the information about the employment information database 23. It is possible for there to be no need that these are not necessarily remote monitoring system 25 is equipped with the remote monitor server 22 and the device situation of a machine 9 is analyzed about reception and its employment situation to every the information about the determined correction factor are saved in the device information detail. First, the insurance company 11 as an insurance-company station is explained. The [0205] The machine 9 of the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3 and a the information on other machine users' facility operations system (not shown).

requiring of a machine 9 if needed.

[0206] The device information database 23 is connected to the remote monitor server 22, and the information about the employment situation of the machine 9 which the remote monitor server 22 acquired, the information about the employment conditions of the machine 9 beforehand set up based on insurance, information required for the decision of a correction factor, the information about the set-up correction factor, etc. are held. And according to a demand of the remote monitor server 22, drawing is possible for those information always. [0207] The maintenance evaluation system 1 is equipped with the maintenance evaluation server 4 and the maintenance evaluation information database 5. It is possible for there to be no need that these are not necessarily exclusively for the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3, and to deal with it also about the information on other machine users' facility operations system (not shown).

[0208] The maintenance server 8 of the machine user's 12 facility operations system 3 and a communication link are possible for the maintenance evaluation server 4 through the communication link interface A24 and a communication line A15. And the information about the maintenance situation in the facility operations system 3 is analyzed about reception and its maintenance situation to every [which acquires the maintenance information set up beforehand] period (for example, it is called a "maintenance information acquisition period" for two years and the following at intervals of the turnaround of a machine 9). On the other hand, information, such as a correction factor computed from the employment situation of a machine 9 is outputted from the remote monitor server 22. The premium of the machine 9 in the

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set-up premium are saved in the maintenance evaluation information database 5. In addition, the information about a maintenance situation can also be acquired by requiring of the maintenance information about the set-up premium is outputted to the insurance management system 2 as premium payment directions. Moreover, the received information and the information about the correction factor, and the analysis result of the above-mentioned maintenance situation. The appropriate period of the facility operations system 3 is set up from information, such as the server 8 if needed.

management of other machine users' machine (not shown). Moreover, the insurance management accounting section with another remote monitoring system 25 or maintenance evaluation system maintenance situation of the machine 9 which the maintenance evaluation server 4 acquired, the between an insurance company 11 and the machine user 12, information required for a setup of [0210] The insurance management system 2 possesses the premium management server 6 and system 2 is managed by the section [handling / the section / costs, such as accounting or an information about the maintenance plan sent to an insurance company based on the insurance the combination with a process [need / other maintenance evaluation systems (not shown) or exclusively for the remote monitoring system 25 or the maintenance evaluation system 1, and a premium, the set-up premium, or a premium etc. is held. And according to a demand of the [0209] The maintenance evaluation information database 5 is connected to the maintenance machine user's 12 facility operations system 3, and to deal with it also about the insurance remote monitoring system (not shown), and other insurance \prime to be managed] etc. is also possible for it. Moreover, it is possible for there to be no need of being exclusively for the the insurance information database 7. There is no need that these are not necessarily evaluation server 4, and the information about discount of the information about the maintenance evaluation server 4. drawing is possible for those information always.

performed, and also the information (premium payment directions) about the premium which the [0211] The premium management server 6 is a server linked to the maintenance evaluation server 4. And procedure about the reception of the premium from the machine user 12 is performed based on the contents of a contract held at the information and the insurance maintenance evaluation server 4 set up is answered, and procedure about a premium is information database 7.

[0212] The insurance information database 7 is connected with the premium management server information about premium procedure, and the information about a runner continuation of the 6. And the information about the premium set up to said machine user's 12 machine 9, the various costs set up based on insurance are held. According to a demand of the premium management server 6, drawing is possible for those information always.

[0213] A communication line A15 is a communication line which connects an insurance company Moreover, it is also possible to carry out by the communication link by wireless. It uses, in order communicate the information about employment, and the information about maintenance from 11 and the machine user 12. They are a public line, the Internet circuit, or a dedicated line. that the remote monitoring system 25 and the maintenance evaluation system 1 may the facility operations system 3.

[02.14] The communication link interface A24 is an interface for a communication link which they [0215] Next, the machine user 12 as a machine user station is explained. The facility operations system 3 possesses the maintenance server 8, a machine 9, and the maintenance database 10. situation in the machine set as the object of insurance is held. And a remote monitor is carried out by the appropriate facility relevant to the machine user 12, and the operation situation can And it manages about maintenance of a machine 9, and also the information on the operation use in case the remote monitoring system 25 and the maintenance evaluation system 1 communicate with the facility operations system 3 through a communication line A. cope with it quickly to generating of accident or abnormalities, or its omen.

maintenance evaluation server 4 of the maintenance evaluation system 1. With it, the information [0216] It connects with a machine 9 and the maintenance database 10, and the maintenance server 8 performs management about maintenance of a machine 9 while connecting with the

the facility operations system 3, and it stores in the maintenance database 10. and periodical in about the maintenance situation of a machine 9 is acquired from the exterior of a machine 9 or the information concerning a maintenance situation according to a demand of the maintenance evaluation server 4 of an insurance company 11 -- or it transmits suitably. Moreover, the support is performed in case a machine 9 transmits the information about an employment situation according to a demand of an insurance company 11.

information about the employment situation of machine 9 self is held inside, and the information maintenance server 8 and are employed by the machine users 12, such as a gas turbine, and a is transmitted to it through the maintenance server $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ according to a demand of an insurance boiler, a generator, and which are working in fact. In this example, it is a gas turbine. And the (0217] A machine 9 is the machine body and peripheral device which connect with the

[0218] Since the accounting server 14, the communication line B16, the communication line C17, the communication line D18, and the financial agency station 13 are the same as that of an example 2, explanation is omitted.

company 11.

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maintenance information acquisition period, or may be short, may be the same, and is determined which is this invention is explained to a detail using drawing 5, drawing 25, drawing 13 - drawing (02.19] Actuation of the gestalt of operation of the 2nd of the machine premium setting system criteria. Next, if operation of a gas turbine (machine 9) is started. an insurance company 11 will maintenance situation is acquired and analyzed for every maintenance information acquisition insurance -- it is -- an insurance company -- RBM of the machine user's 12 machine 9 (gas employment situation based on law is made. In addition, the premium CC by the conventional approach is used for the premium in the time of the beginning as a criteria premium used as period. And based on those results, it asks for Premium CE according to the premium count information acquisition period by insurance, and will analyze. Moreover, the information on a acquire the information on the employment situation of a gas turbine for every employment process B. It ****, and an employment information acquisition period may be longer than a 16, drawing 17, and drawing 27. this example -- setting -- first -- the phase of the first turbine) -- a contract of amendment of the premium by the maintenance situation and by insurance.

example. Moreover, an employment information acquisition period is set to T1, and it may be one gas turbine falls sharply, it becomes possible to reduce expenditure of insurance money sharply. Here, a maintenance information acquisition period is set to 72, and it may be two years in this without carrying out severe operation, and performing maintenance plan and its implementation decision is explained among actuation of the machine premium setting system of this invention. turbine and reinforcement]. Moreover, for an insurance company 11, since the failure rate of a possible [tying to reduction of a premium and the improvement in an operating ratio of a gas [0221] With reference to drawing 25, drawing 5, and drawing 17, the process flow of premium appropriately and efficiently, and since a premium may give a discount sharply, he becomes [0220] By this this invention, the machine user 12 is making an employment situation good, month in this example.

monitoring system 25 of an insurance company 11 are connected by the communication line A15 the machine user 12 are performing insurance about the machine premium setting system of this information. And the maintenance evaluation system 1 and the remote monitoring system 25 can contract of acquisition of the maintenance information by the maintenance planned decision and forecast A of the setting period (the premium count and the insurance horizon which are set up by the contract about acquisition of the maintenance information in insurance, and employment invention, the inside of it -- the relation (equivalent to drawing 27) between the operating ratio [0222] First, in the phase before initiation (S201) of drawing 17, the insurance company 11 and the insurance company 11 which applied law, acquisition of the employment information on the gas turbine by the insurance company 11, etc. also included. Moreover, the machine user's 12 beforehand) of a premium, the premium count approaches (above-mentioned premium count process B(1) - (9) etc.), and a gas turbine, and a premium, and RBM of a gas turbine -- the facility operations system 3, and the maintenance evaluation system 1 and the remote

communication line A15 by the demand. The premium CC by the conventional approach is used acquire the above-mentioned information now from the facility operations system 3 through a for the premium in this phase (at the time of the beginning) as a criteria premium used as

employment information acquisition period 71 (this example one month) (drawing 17, S202). The employment situation from a gas turbine after the beginning of mission of a gas turbine to every [0223] With reference to drawing 17, the remote monitor server 22 acquires the data about an turbine, a count of start and stop, and the output rate of change per unit time amount. In the data about an employment situation are the output at the time of the employment in a gas case of this example, the information for 1 month is acquired. The acquired information is memorized in the device information database 23.

mentioned correction factor (Kp. Ks. Kr) (S203). in decision, it carries out in the process of (1) of the above-mentioned premium (charge of maintenance -- and) count process B, (2), and (3), [0224] Next, based on those data, the remote monitor server 22 determines the aboverespectively. In addition, the data about drawing 13 – drawing 15 are held in the device information database 23.

currently held in the device information database 23, the use elapsed-years correction factor Ky, [0225] The remote monitor server 22 acquires failure rate lambdamc of the gas turbine proper and the release time Tr at the time of failure while computing and determining a correction maintenance evaluation server 4. In addition, the computed information is memorized in the factor (Kp, Ks, Kr) as mentioned above (S203). Those information is outputted to the device information database 23.

proper into lambdam based on the information about a maintenance situation (lambda m=lambda above-mentioned premium (charge of maintenance -- and) count process B (4) The failure rate mc when [However] there is no information about maintenance). Kp. Ks. Kr. and lambda which were obtained -- m and Ky -- being based -- several 6:lambda=a-Ky-Kp-Ks-Kr-lambdam of [0226] The maintenance evaluation server 4 changes failure rate lambdamc of a gas turbine lambda of a gas turbine is computed (S204).

takes. Here, by the remote monitor of the gas turbine by the device facility user 12, since it is a [0227] the repair time amount T which must stop a gas turbine on the other hand for repair etc. when failure occurs -- several 7 of above-mentioned premium (charge of maintenance -- and) count process B (5) -- :T=Td+Tr It is computed (S205). However, time amount, Tr which detection takes from Td:failure generating. It is the time amount which restoration of failure short time very much. Td can be disregarded to Tr.

month of a gas turbine -- several 9.A=mu/(lambda+mu) of above-mentioned premium (charge of maintenance -- and) count process B (6) It computes (S206). however, the recoverability mu --(0228) next, the operating ratio forecast A which is a forecast of the operating ratio of next several -- 8:mu=1/T it is .

(0229) The maintenance evaluation server 4 determines the premium C based on an employment addition, the data about drawing 27 are held in the maintenance evaluation information database maintenance -- and) count process B (7) -- :0=Kg (1-A) It computes. Premium C is computed from this value (refer to premium count process B (8)). (the charge of maintenance -- and) In situation as the last, the operating ratio forecast A computed as mentioned above -- being based -- the amount of a loss D -- several 10 of above-mentioned premium (charge of

maintenance situation, the premium C only based on the information on an operation situation is That is, the maintenance evaluation server 4 determines said premium C as a next (next month) premium (S207). And the process for premium count is completed (S208). The determined next [0231] On the other hand, since the information about a maintenance situation also becomes (0230) here, from a start up, till after the first maintenance information acquisition period T2 used as a premium of a forward type (this time lambdam=lambdame: --- with no amendment). premium is outputted to the premium management server 6 as premium payment directions. acquirable, after the first maintenance information acquisition period T2 progress computes (this example for two years) progress, in order that there may be no information on a

CE in which maintenance information was made to reflect is computed (refer to premium (charge factor (Kp. Ks. Kr) outputted by the remote monitor server 22 and a gas turbine proper, the use elapsed-years correction factor Ky, and the release time Tr at the time of failure. the premium Premium CE. that is, based on failure rate lambdam (finishing [amendment]) of the correction determines said premium CE as a next premium (S207). And the process for premium count is completed (S208). The determined next premium is outputted to the premium management of maintenance -- and) count process B (9)). And the maintenance evaluation server 4 server 6 as premium payment directions.

Namely, amendment of outage lambdam for calculating Premium CE is performed for every T2. In order to use the same lambdam in the meantime, Premium CE is changed using the information situation is performed every maintenance information acquisition period T2 fundamentally. 0232] Amendment of the premium of a part based on the information on a maintenance on an employment situation (correction factors Kp, Ks, and Kr).

next month by the method of payment set up based on the contract of an insurance company 11 and the machine user 12 through a communication line D18 to the machine user's 12 accounting [0233] The premium management server 6 sends the notice of a premium payment request for server 14. Since it is the same as that of an example 2, the process and related matters in connection with this payment are omitted.

[0234] Carrying out the above actuation to every [which was beforehand set up by insurance] continues within the term of insurance based on insurance, and payment of this premium is acquisition period T2), the machine user 12 pays a premium to an insurance company. It period (the employment information acquisition period T1 and maintenance information performed. However, changing about a period by a contract etc. is possible.

failure of a machine 9 becoming very low, an insurance company 11 becomes possible [reducing operation profit of a suitable maintenance plan are performed, an operating ratio may improve by [0235] By actuation of the above this invention, a setup of a premium with profits is attained for the probability of occurrence / insurance money / of payment sharply], and can carry out an machine 9, or premium expenditure based on law. In addition, in connection with generating of there is a cost merit called the reduction of the costs in connection with $\boldsymbol{\xi}$ if decision and its an insurance company 11 and machine user 12 both sides, namely, the employment with the failure of a machine 9 decreasing, and a premium may also decrease, and] employment of a machine user 12 severe about a machine 9 (gas turbine) -- not carrying out -- and RBM -insurance enterprise more healthfully.

also possible to calculate and use a failure rate lambda as not using Kp and Kr (or Kp=Kr=1). The depending on [case / where the count of start and stop is others] the class of machine 9, it is change per unit time amount are used. However, if at least one kind of value of three kinds of [0236] In this example, all (Kp. Ks, Kr) of the output at the time of employment, the count of inside is used even when not using all of those values, it can carry out like this example. For example, when it has become clear that very strong effect is leaked to a failure rate lambda start and stop, and three kinds of correction factors in connection with the output rate of same is said of an output and output rate of change.

rate of change are referred to in order to measure the employment situation of a machine 9, this temperature, the rate of change and an operating pressure, the rate of change, the count of a [0237] Moreover, in this example, although an output, the count of start and stop, and output (0238) Moreover, in this example, the premium management server 6 is performing procedure shutdown, etc. It is an important point to choose what has influence on generating of failure procedure for the premium relation in an insurance company 11 is different from the section However, they are able to carry out this invention according to the situation in an insurance which manages the remote monitoring system 25 and the maintenance evaluation system 1. parameters according to the class of machine 9 to grasp the failure rate of a machine 9 to is because the gas turbine is made into the example. It is possible by using other suitable about a premium. This is because it assumes that the section which takes the necessary accuracy more. For example, if it is chemical reaction equipment, they are an operating greatly in the various parameters which show the employment situation of the machine.

company 11, even if three servers, the remote monitor server 22, the maintenance evaluation server 4, and the premium management server 6, are unified by two or one. In connection with it, the device information database 23, the maintenance evaluation information database 5, and the insurance information database 7 should just also unify appropriately if needed according to a server's situation. In that case, there is a merit of the cost by saving of a server. [0239] Moreover, an insurance company 11 is able to perform the role of the financial agency station 13 in this example. What is necessary is just to make it the insurance management system 2 have the function of the financial agency station 13 in that case. The premium management server 6 and the accounting server 14 are made to link directly by the communication line without making the financial agency station 13 intervene. And while an insurance company 11 keeps the machine user's 12 fund and performs investment management, a premium is pulled out if needed. In this case, payment of the commission to a financial agency

specializing in management which is a firm which performs the remote monitor of another device company 11, and the machine user 12 etc. That is, by entrusting the business in connection with of a machine 9 to a manufacturer, an insurance company 11 loses its need of owning the remote [0240] Furthermore, in the condition of drawing 25, although acquisition of the information about section which performs a manufacturer's remote monitor will serve as the firm 21 specializing in a part of the information gathering and premium payment count about the employment situation the employment situation of the machine 9 by the remote monitoring system 25 belongs to the management in drawing 26 by the contract between 3 persons of a manufacturer, an insurance monitoring system 25, and is connected with cost reduction. In that case, it is also possible to facility. For example, if the manufacturer of a machine 9 is performing the remote monitor, the machine 9 perform in the remote monitoring system 25, and make the business in connection insurance company 11, as it is shown in drawing 26, it is also possible to entrust the firm 21 make it to set, to make only the information gathering about the employment situation of a with the premium payment count based on the information perform to the maintenance station etc. does not occur, but it is connected with both cost reductions. evaluation system 1 of an insurance company 11.

(0241) Furthermore, in this example, although the insurance management system 2 belongs to the insurance company 11, it may belong to the financial agency office 13. That is, by entrusting the business in connection with premium payment, an insurance company 11 loses its need of owning the insurance management system 2 to the financial agency station 13, and is connected with it at cost reduction.

employment information about the employment situation of the device facility 3, the maintenance employment situation of a machine 9 more, and the machine user 12 becomes the more powerful for those values, it is possible to also make it change based on a past employment situation and [0242] In that case, in an insurance company 11, the remote monitoring system 25 acquires the incentive which keeps good employment in mind, and the value of a premium becomes possible premium from the machine user 12 (or the account) by technique, such as an account transfer evaluation system 1 acquires the information about a maintenance situation, and a premium is condition of magnitude and its moon, etc., and is held in the device information database 5. As insurance management system of the financial agency station 13. Based on premium payment determined by the approach in the above-mentioned example from the employment situation, directions, the insurance management system 2 of the financial agency station 13 acquires a maintenance situation, and insurance. And premium payment directions are outputted to the currently used is a value beforehand set up in principle by the class of machine 9, the busy [0243] Moreover, in this example, the value of each multiplier (Kp. Ks, Kr, lambdam, Tr, Kg) enlarging more the machine user's 12 premium, and the reduction effectiveness of the a past maintenance situation. By making it such, it becomes the form which suited the and electronic commerce, and remits to an insurance company 11 (or the account). insurance money of an insurance company 11].

insurance money of an insurance company of 3.

[0244] In this invention, the information about a maintenance situation is reflected in failure rate lambdam in the premium count processes A and B. However, after calculating a premium, it is also possible to take the approach of giving a discount, based on the information about a

maintenance situation. That is, suppose that the discount rate of a premium is used as information about modification of a premium. For example, when a maintenance situation is good, according to the degree, a premium is referred to as giving a discount 30% 20% 10%. Thereby, profits are got by both the above insurance companies and machine users.

[0245] Moreover, in explanation of each example of this invention, when an employment situation and a maintenance situation are good, it is supposed that a premium will fall (drawing 21 and drawing 27). However, when an employment situation and a maintenance situation are not in a desirable condition, naturally possibility that it must stop having to pay a high amount of money as compared with the usual premium is one of the contents of the machine premium setting system a certain thing of whose is also this invention. When an employment situation and a maintenance situation are not in a desirable condition, a machine user may think that a kind of penalty is imposed. That is, if an employment situation is bad, since the correction factor (Kp. Ks. Kr.) in premium count will exceed 1.0, the amount of a loss mounts up and a premium also increases. Moreover, if a maintenance situation is bad, since failure rate lambdam in premium count will increase, the amount of a loss mounts up and a premium also increases.

[Effect of the Invention] By this invention, a machine user becomes possible [reducing payments of the charge of maintenance, and a premium according to the maintenance approach of a machine], things can be carried out, an insurance company can also reduce the possibility of insurance money payment, and a manufacturer becomes possible [the thing which reduce possibility that a maintenance cost will pay and for which profits are brought to both sides with a machine user, a manufacturer, and an insurance company].

[0247] Moreover, it becomes possible to perform a setup of the high charge of maintenance of precision which reflected the maintenance situation or employment situation of a machine correctly, and a premium by this invention.

[Translation done.]

* NOTICES *

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- 1. This document has been translated by computer. So the translation may not reflect the original precisely.
- 2.*** shows the word which can not be translated.
- 3.In the drawings, any words are not translated.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[Brief Description of the Drawings]

[Drawing 1] It is the block diagram showing the gestalt of operation of the first of the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention.

[Drawing 2] It is the graph which shows the relation of the amount of a loss and a charge setup of maintenance in the gestalt of operation of the first of the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention.

[Drawing 3] It is drawing explaining the effectiveness of the risk base assessment in connection with the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention, and a machine premium setting system.

[Drawing 4] It is drawing explaining the approach of the risk base assessment in connection with the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention, and a machine premium setting system.

[Drawing 5] It is a flow Fig. in connection with actuation of the gestalt of operation of the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention, and a machine premium setting system.

[Drawing 6] It is the graph which shows the relation between the output of a machine, and a failure incidence rate.

[Drawing 7] It is the graph which shows the relation between the count of start and stop of a machine, and a failure incidence rate.

[Drawing 8] It is the graph which shows the relation between the output rate of change of a machine, and a failure incidence rate.

[Drawing 9] They are other block diagrams showing the gestalt of operation of the first of the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention.

[Drawing 10] It is the block diagram of further others showing the gestalt of operation of the first of the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention.

[Drawing 11] It is another block diagram showing the gestalt of operation of the first of the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention.

[Drawing 12] It is the block diagram showing the gestalt of operation of the second of the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention.

[Drawing 13] It is the graph which shows the relation of the correction factor and output in connection with the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention, and a machine premium setting system.

[Drawing 14] It is the graph which shows the relation of the correction factor and the count of start and stop in connection with the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention, and a machine premium setting system.

[Drawing 15] It is the graph which shows the relation of the correction factor and output rate of change in connection with the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention, and a machine premium setting system.

[<u>Drawing 16</u>] It is the graph which shows the relation of the correction factor and use elapsed years in connection with the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention, and a machine premium setting system.

[Drawing 17] It is a flow Fig. in connection with actuation of the gestalt of other operations in connection with the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention of this invention, and a machine premium setting system.

[Drawing 18] They are other block diagrams showing the gestalt of operation of the second of the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention.

[Drawing 19] It is the graph which shows the relation of the amount of a loss and a charge setup of maintenance in the gestalt of operation of the second of the charge setting system of machine maintenance of this invention.

[Drawing 20] It is the block diagram showing the gestalt of operation of the first of the machine premium setting system of this invention.

[Drawing 21] It is the graph which shows the relation of the amount of a loss and a premium setup in the gestalt of operation of the first of the machine premium setting system of this invention.

[Drawing 22] They are other block diagrams showing the gestalt of operation of the first of the machine premium setting system of this invention.

[Drawing 23] It is the block diagram of further others showing the gestalt of operation of the first of the machine premium setting system of this invention.

[Drawing 24] It is another block diagram showing the gestalt of operation of the first of the machine premium setting system of this invention.

[Drawing 25] It is the block diagram showing the gestalt of operation of the second of the machine premium setting system of this invention.

[Drawing 26] They are other block diagrams showing the gestalt of operation of the second of the machine premium setting system of this invention.

[Drawing 27] It is the graph which shows the relation of the amount of a loss and a premium setup in the machine premium setting system of this invention.

[Description of Notations]

- 1 Maintenance Evaluation System
- 2 Insurance Management System
- 3 Facility Operations System
- 4 Maintenance Evaluation Server
- 5 Maintenance Evaluation Information Database
- 6 Premium Management Server
- 7 Insurance Information Database
- 8 Maintenance Server
- 9 Machine
- 10 Maintenance Database
- 11 Insurance Company
- 12 Machine User
- 13 Financial Agency Station
- 14 Accounting Server
- 15 Communication Line A
- 16 Communication Line B
- 17 Communication Line C
- 18 Communication Line D
- 19 Communication Line E
- 20 Communication Line F
- 21 Firm specializing in Management
- 22 Remote Monitor Server
- 23 Device Information Database
- 24 Communication Link Interface A
- 25 Remote Monitoring System
- 26 Communication Line G
- 27 Communication Line H
- 28 Manufacturer

- 29 Communication Line I
- 30 Communication Line J
- 31 Communication Line K
- 32 Communication Line L
- 33 Maintenance Evaluation-System B
- 34 Costs Managerial System
- 35 Maintenance Evaluation Server B
- 36 Maintenance Evaluation Information Database B
- 37 Costs Management Server
- 38 Cost-Information Database
- 39 Firm specializing in Management
- 40 Communication Line M
- 41 Communication Line N
- 42 Communication Link Interface B
- 43 Communication Line O
- 44 Communication Line P

[Translation done.]